```
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOI/PA

DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET FOI/PA# 1342422-0

Total Deleted Page(s) = 6

Page 44 ~ b7D;

Page 45 ~ b7D;

Page 46 ~ b7D;

Page 136 ~ b7D;

Page 137 ~ b7D;

Page 138 ~ b7D;
```


100-22286 Subject of FOIPA Request

By 190-1-5067-644

Retain 8 Years 3-7-99

10

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN US SSLESS Add They

Office Memorandum • United States Government

	•	*	•	-
TO :	SAC, WFO	-	DATE: AUG 17 1951	
FROM :	TOLLEF JACOBSON, SA			
subject:	SECURITY MATEER - C		÷	
Distri	On July 10, 1951, subj terviewed by Special Agent stated that he was a form ct of Columbia and decided entity be kept confidentia	er member of the Comm to furnish informati	and the writer. unist Party in the	
			0. 61	
he had		He stated that a	s of the same date	
			r	
1950 d that a he bro which Party. had be concep	in the District of Columbi uring which time he was a fter a period of time foll ke with the CP stating the caused him to completely s He explained by saying, en brought around to the p ts and truths of the Commu tivities and his active pa Club did not completely for	member of the Newspar lowing the beginning of at the Korean war was sever his relations wi approximately April looint in which he doub mist Party and that farticipation in discuss	per Club. He stated of the war in Korea the deciding event th the Communist 950, his thinking sted some of the From that time on ssing in the News-	
TJ:efm 100-19		ALL INFORMATION CON HEREID IS STOLASSIF DATE OF THE PROPERTY O		
cc: [(100=16710)	(100-13743)	(121-9301)	
· L	(100-8222)	(100-17500)	(100-12577)	
	(100-17232)	(100-13120)	(100-20080)	10
*	(100–16351)	(100-19396) (100-10561)	(100-18470)	
,	(,100-21567)	(100-1001)	(100-19573)	10 6-41
L	(100-4281)	(700-73807)	I. F. STONEHED INDEXED	AND THE STREET S
. L	(100-17696)	(100-18579)	AUG 2 2 1951	

WFO 100-19858
that is years of age and at one point in the interview he contended that his thinking along the Communist Party lines was possibly due to his age at the time of his joining the CP.
stated that the war had not accomplished its purpose and he was dissatis- fied with the post war world as he found it. For a time he became strongly interested in the experiment of the British Socialist Government but eventually reached the conclusion that it was not to be a success. Thereafter, he began reading Marxist literature on his own initiative and became converted to Communism.
to the best of his recollection, he walked into the main headquarters of the Communist Party in New York City and asked how one could become a Communist. He stated that at the Party headquarters in New York City he talked with (phonetic) who invited him to spend an evening at her apartment where he was introduced to other members of the Party. He joined the Party and he stated that a CP membership card was issued under his own name. He added that he attended one or two Party meetings
said that he went to the Communist Party headquarters on 9th Street here in Washington, D. C., in an effort to join the Party here. He recalled that he talked to a woman named in the headquarters

headquarters. He wrote his name on a piece of paper. However, the abovementioned repeated his name aloud whereupon became disconcerted as he felt that the premises might be under some kind of surveillance. He immediately left the headquarters and made no further
attempt to join the Party at that time.
Thereafter, said he became a member of the Newspaper Club of the CP and attended meetings of the club. The best estimate that he could make was that he attended such meetings. He stated that they generally were held every two weeks at the homes of various members of the club. He stated that these meetings were very informal. No parliamentary procedure was followed. He also stated that on some occasions persons who were not members of the Newspaper Club attended these meetings, more or less in a social manner. During these meetings, according to discussions were had concerning events of the day including such matters as concentration of wealth in the United States, the formation of a third party, and how best to awaken the American people. He pointed out also that the membership of the Newspaper Club fluctuated a greal deal. He stated that the club was split up for reasons of security around 1948 in the group system. To the best of his recollection, he was never issued a membership card or book while a member of the Newspaper Club. It was his belief that
furnished the names of the following individuals as having

WFD: 100-19858

member. With regard to TRAVIS HEDRICK, said that it was his belief that HEDRICK had dropped his active membership in the Newspaper Club before he, became a member of it, but he had no actual knowledge or evidence of membership on HEDRICK's part.
It is noted that these persons were named by as having been present at meetings at one time or another which he attended.
ROB HALL ALDEN TODD RICHARD SASULY IRVING LICHTENSTEIN SYLVIA LICHTENSTEIN JOHN B. STONE MILLIE HEDRICK TOM BUCHANAN NATALIE LAMKEN AL SHERMAN POLLY SHERMAN FRED VAST MEL FISKE DONALD POND GERALD COOK (phonetic) RICKEY KRAMER (female) RALPH IZZARD (attended meetings for a while)
When the group system was adopted the membership was reduced to the following:
He stated that officers were elected for the Newspaper Club. With regard to payment of dues,stated that he could not recall the identity of the Treasurer during his earliest membership in the Newspaper Club but stated that he did recall NATALIE LAMKEN and ALDEN TODD as having been treasurers of this club. He stated that due to the informality of the group on some occasions he paid persons other than the Treasurer his dues

He mentioned that the dues were collected on a monthly basis
was asked if during his membership in the Newspaper Club he had performed
any tasks for the party. His reply was that he had contributed to several
projects which he believed were for the use of the Communist Party. One
of these projects he said was
He said that it was a decision of the club that such
a project be carried out and each of the members was to handle a different
aspect of the subject. analysis amounted to
and he turned it over to also said that he prepared
He said that he thought that it was to be used for
said that he never knew whether any of his writings of
this sort were published. He said that he wrote under the name of
In the above connection, said he also prepared
·
mentioned that ROB HALL's wife, MICKTE VIRDEN, did not attend any of the club meetings at which was present. He mentioned that one meeting was held at ROB HALL's residence.
meeting in the club. He said that NORTH had recently returned from a European tour and that TINSLEY had discussed some book which he was writing. pointed out that these talks were on a very informal basis.
mentioned that he did not think that he had ever seen TRAVIS HEDRICK at a meeting of the club.
Most of the meetings of the club, according to were held at the homes of JOHN B. STONE, ALDEN TODD, or the LICHTENSTEINS.
mentioned that sometime during his membership in the Newspaper Club the open Party criticized the members of the Newspaper Club for not participating more actively in the affairs promoted by the open Partystated that this was discussed at several of the Newspaper Club meetings and that members of the Newspaper Club felt that due to their employment that they should be afforded more security

than the members of the open Party. He stated that this was their contention and that they refused to participate in activities of the open Party. Upon reflection, mentioned the only open functions attended by him and sponsored by the Communist Party were the PAUL ROBESON Rally held at Turner's Arena and the occasion on which EISLER spoke at the National Press Club which functions were also sponsored by the other organizations.
On July 13, 1951, was again interviewed at the Washington Field Office. This interview was conducted by Special Agents GILBERT F. BENJAMIN, JR. and the writer at which time further information was furnished by
stated that GERALD COOK, a newspaper man in the employ of the Daily Worker, who was in Washington, D. C., for a few months and returned to New York, attended meetings of the Newspaper Club. said he thought that COOK became City Editor of the Daily Worker.
said that RALPH IZZARD, whom he described as ROB HALL's number two man in the Washington Bureau of the Daily Worker, attended meetings of the Newspaper Club for a time.
said that RICKEY KRAMER belonged to the Newspaper Club for a period of possibly two months. He stated that RICKEY KRAMER, who is a woman of about twenty-two years of age, worked for a British newspaper. He said that she is now married to a newspaper man whose name he does not know and that it is his understanding that she went back to work for a British paper. She said that she lived somewhere in the Anacostia vicinity. described RICKEY KRAMER as a a "very unCommunist Communist" stating that he did not think that she was at all grounded in Marxism. He stated that at the time she severed her connection with the Newspaper Club she left in tears saying something to the general effect that she had fallen in love with a man in New York and had subscribed one hundred per cent to his ideas. She stated this was how she came to join the club but that she subsequently had found that it was "over her head".

WFO 100-19858
said that he has in the past subscribed to the following publications:
Sunday "Worker" "Political Affairs" "New Masses" "Mainstream"
He said that he thought he made arrangements for the "Worker" through the club. He said that he let his subscription expire and also canceled his subscriptions to the other publications. Thereafter, if he felt like reading the Worker he would buy it at meetings of the club. He said that he has often bought the Daily Worker in the Foyer of the National Press Building in Washington, D. C.
He also mentioned that he
once wrote a letter to the President of the United States protesting the indictment of the eleven Communist leaders.
also stated that This he said took place before he had engaged in any Communist activity or had given any thought to the subject of Communism. He said he thought he had

mentioned that at one time which he ghought 1947 or 1948 the question was being considered as to whether American Newspaper Guild should reaffiliate with the Industr Council. idea to reaffiliate but that GERTRUDE EVANS was very cold to idea stating that if the Guild went back into the Industrial the result would be a tendency to turn to the "right". he had no knowledge of Communist activity on the part of GER part of JEAN TODD, wife of AIDEN TODD. He said that she new meetings to his knowledge.	or not the rial Union do be a good ward this Union Council said that TRUDE EVANS.
also mentioned that he had met CIARA HALL, wife, a couple of times but that she had not attended any of to his knowledge. said that	ROB HALL's the meetings
In connection with	
project including who he said was	on this
not a Communist. He said that she was a very dear friend of that he considered her a very "militant fellow traveler" but would be willing to wager that she never was a Communist. He that she was in the Progressive Party and that her attitude we will work with anybody who will work with us". He stated she has married and is now (phonetic).	his and that he e stated
that he considered her a very "militant fellow traveler" but would be willing to wager that she never was a Communist. He that she was in the Progressive Party and that her attitude w "we will work with anybody who will work with us". He stated she has married and is now (phonetic). said that at one time he helped get people to the White House in an endeavor to get the President to interconnected.	his and that he e stated was that d that to picket cede to id that picket- picket ally to

He could not recall how he happened to meet who he said was from New York. He said that she came to Washington with her sister and another woman. added that in Washington was helping in connection with the above-mentioned picketing project. He said that
and that he worked with her in the undertaking. He said that he did not recall whether or not this picketing was presented to him as a Communist job or not. He said that it took place in the Summer before he went to work and that it must have been the Summer of 1918. He said that it seemed to him that the abovementioned
In this connection, mentioned that his roommates were upset by this activity and suggested that it be discontinued. He pointed out that his roommates had no knowledge of his CP membership. He mentioned also that helped him on the picketing project said that one showed up to picket said that he was acquainted with He said that
said that
that he was much surprised to read in the newspaper that MARCIA WINSTEAD was alleged to be a Communist. He added that he did not believe that knew that he himself was a Communist. He said that that he attended one Young Progressive Association party in the vicinity of the Building Trades Hall on New Jersey Avenue where the guests drank beer and danced. He said that he attended another Young Progressive Association party in Southeast, Washington, D. C., and also a YPA picnic at Rock Creek Park off 16th Street. further stated that he knew through the Young Progressives. said that the Young Progressives were continuously trying to get him to come to their affairs He mentioned that
said that he never

had any inkling to the effect that YPA was a Communist inspired and dominated group.
In connection with the above-mentioned Young Progressive Association He said that he never attended a formal Young Progressive meeting in his life. He said that said that he understood she had in the past engaged in some form of Communist activity. He said that before the war she had been and that her activity evidently had taken place there. He added that he did not know whether it was in connection with the young group or with the CP. He mentioned that
attended none of the Newspaper Club meetings as far as he was aware and
said that at various times IZZY STONE had been the subject of conversation on the part of the Newspaper Club at which time they had belittled IZZY STONE as "half baked". STONE was not able to follow through his ideas and develop them to a logical conclusion. It was stated that when he was good he was very good and when he was bad he was very poor. said that he considered this to be a typical two-way approach which the club members used in referring to persons who were not one hundred per cent with them.
On July 16, 1951,
In this interview, pointed out that

In connection with which was discussed previously by he stated that at one of the meetings of the Newspaper Club of the CP, ROB HALL had said something about JOHN MC MANUS! having said that someone was wanted to help the people from New York in connection with the picketing of the White House. MC MANUS was working in Washington at that time according to said he It is noted that when he was interviewed on July 13, 1951, had been asked if he had any knowledge of JOSEPH FORER or DAVID stated at that time he knew FORER's name and that he was not sure that he knew REIN's name. He said that he had no contact with them. It is further noted that at the time of this last interview on July 16, 1951, said he recalled that he had been given the name of DAVID REIN in connection with He said that he did not remember whether it was in regard to the possibility of an arrest in connection with the picketing of the White House and that he did not recall where he got the name of DAVE REIN. also pointed out that he had contributed money to the Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee in New York. He said over a period of two or three years whenever he had a couple of extra dollars he would make a contribution His recollection was that this took place between 1947 and 1949. He. also said that he wrote to Chief Justice VINSON protesting against the trial of Doctor BARSKY who was at that time Head of the JAFRC. In connection with DICK SASULY mentioned above who according attended meetings of the Newspaper Club of the CP, further that he estimated that SASULY had attended possibly fifteen or twenty of the meetings. He said that he himself had

WFD 100-19858

He said that he had met ELIZABETH SASULY but that she did not attend the meetings. said that his recollection was that SASULY did not attend the meetings regularly but might be absent for two or three months at a time. said that as far as he knew SASULY was a member of the club. He mentioned that SASULY at one of the meetings gave a report on decartelization, it being recollec- tion that SASULY had written a book on that subject. furnished the following additional background information concerning himself:

(WFÓ 100 –1	9858			وم			
,							
resided:	fur	nished the f	Collowing pr	evious add	iresses at	which he had	
· .						:	
. , ,							
•	He moved t	o his presen	t sådress i	n	\neg . $\overline{}$	•	

expressed concern over the possible results from a publicity
standpoint of the disclosure of his past Communist Party activities. He
requested that his identity and the information furnished by him be kept
confidential. He indicated that he had no desire to testify concerning the
above information but did not state at this time that he would be unwilling
to do so should the necessity arise. He said that inasmuch as his parents
plan to leave shortly for a vacation he intended to go to
to tell them of his past association with the Communist Party
prior to their reading of it in newspapers inasmuch as he felt that this
information might become known to the press. It is noted that stated
that on the week end prior to presenting himself at this office he had read
in a local newspaper an account of the testimony of the Mrs. MARY MARKWARD
before the House Committee on Un-American Activities during which testimony
she named numerous alleged Communists in Washington, D. Csaid that
on the same day on which he came to this office he had told his employer at
the of his past membership in the
CP and had tendered his resignation which was accepted.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
furnished his immediate itinerary as follows:
He planned to leave about July 16, to travel to which
trip he expected might take about ten days. His address would be in care
of a relative, telephone
He expected to go to August 6, for a
couple of days at which time he could be reached in care of
Thereafter,
he expected to return to Washington, D. C.
Copies of this memorandum are being placed in the case files
of various individuals mentioned by

9-5-51

SAC, PITTSBURGH

ISIDOR FEINSTEIN STONE, Was. SECURITY MATTE: - C

Rerep of SA FRANC	IS J. DUANE, Washington Field, 8-22-51.
MA SA	determined that telephone number
ATlantic 1-3700 is the	number of the Roosevelt Hotel, Pitts-
burgh, Pa.	
The state of the s	
Pittebuegn mene avails	assistant manager, Roosevelt Hotel. ble records which disclosed that
is not an emolo	yee and was not a guest of the Roosevelt
Hotel during this year.	It was also determined from records
of the hotel that on Ju-	ne 28, 1951, only two long distance
phone calls were receiv	ed at the hotel from Washington, D. C.
They were;	
From Washington.	D. O., by a person named ROMER, who
called Room 1139	at 8:28 PM;
From Washington,	D. C., by a person named MC LEOD,
who called Room 6	
The Pittsburgh in	dices are negative on RUC.
·····································	
CAT: jej	
100-10876	
cc. Vashington Field (1	00-22286)
	ation contained
HEREIR IS	1975 PS bets Coal-

SEP 10 1951

File - Serial (FD-5 (Rev. 10	0-13-89)		Date 9-15	3-95
File Class		286 Case No.	Last S	erial
	☐ Pending	☐ Closed		
Serial No.	D	escription of Serial		Date Charged
37		4		
		engler	ed ta	
		· /		
	Sul	<i>75</i>		
	- 1			
	_pllm	anent.	Charge.	rut
		_Coh		•
<u> </u>				
_		RECHARGE	Date	
То		From		
₹ (_		g (-		
Initials of Clerk		Date		
(
	the Eryste on opening brack	TO SEE SHOW AND	* * * *	
			Date charged	<u> </u>
***************************************	Employee		_ ====	-

Location

b6 b7C

UNICOR Print Plant - Fort Worth, Texas.

FEDERAL BUPEAU OF INVESTIGATION

Bs File No. 100-24527 This Case Originated MAB at WACHINGTON FIELD Report Made By b6 Period for Date When Report Made at b7C Made 9/29/51 Which Made BOSTON, MASS. 8/30: 9/8/51 Character of Case Title SECURITY MATTER - C ISIDOR FRINSTEIN STONE, was. LOUIS DEVOLDER born 7/8/97 in Brussels, Belgium, and has been Synopsis of Facts: resident of the United States for ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED 21 years. LOUIS DEVOLDER active in HEREIN IS OXIOTASSIFIED P.P. of Mass.; Community Church; except where shown and Mass. Action Committee for Peace, Boston. DEVCLDER is identi-OTHERWISE fied as a shoe exporter. - RUC -On December 22, 1942, EUGENE M. ZUCKERT of the Harvard University School of Business Administration, advised this Office that LOUIS EDMOND DEVOLDER was born July 8, Declarativ on: OAD 1897, in Brussels, Belgium, and had in 1942 been a resident of the United States for twenty-one years. This source stated that DEVOLDER was a naturalized citizen. Do Not Write Special Agent in Approved and in These Spaces Charge Forwarded

Cories of This Report

6 - Bureau (15-109-37078)

Washington Field (100-22286)

3 - Boston (1 - Info-100-22874)

SEARCHED INDEXED SERIALIZED JUSTILED JU

Confidential Informant T-1, of known reliability, identified LOUIS DEVOLDER as being present and participating in a meeting of the Financial Committee of the Progressive Party of Massachusetts on August 18, 1948, at 41 Mount Vernon Street, Boston, Massachusetts.

The Progressive Party of Massachusetts is identified by Confidential Informant T-2, of known reliability, as being dominated and controlled by members of the Communist Party, District No. 1, Boston, Massachusetts.

"The Boston Globe" of July 27, 1948, contained in it a news article stating that more than 250 New England Progressive Party Officers would leave on July 23, 1948, for their Party's Founding Convention in Philadelphia. LOUIS DEVOLDER was among those listed.

An article in "The Boston Globe", daily newspaper at Boston, Mass., on September 19, 1948, indicated that Mr. and Mrs. LOUIS DEVOLDER had contributed \$100 to the Progressive Party at a Welcome Testimony for HENRY A. WALLACE, Presidential Candidate of the Progressive Party. This dinner was held on September 8, 1948.

Confidential Informant T-3, of known reliability, stated that Dr. and Mrs. LOUIS DEVOLDER were on the mailing list of the Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee.

Confidential Informant T-4, of known reliability, advised on March 19, 1949, that LOUIS DEVOLDER was identified as a member of the Community Church and that DEVOLDER had stated to HARLOW SHAPLEY how he deplored the lack of a good liberal publication which was capable of giving the masses the true picture of the world today. DEVOLDER stated that he thought they should try to get a thousand people to give \$100 apiece and in this way start a monthly publication to educate the people.

The Community Church was identified by Confidential Informant T-7, of known reliability, as a non-sectarian Church in Boston, Mass., under the leadership of Reverend DONALD G. LOTHROP. This Informant advised that in 1944, because of Anti-Communist speakers who were selected to speak at the Church, Reverend LOTHROP engineered an election of a new Board of Directors who would not oppose LOTHROP and his Communist sympathizers. The Church is alleged to be an open pulpit for known Communists and Communist sympathizers, according to this Informant. HARLOWE SHAPLEY was identified as a member of the Community Church, by the same Informant.

100-24527

Confidential Informant T-5, of known reliability, stated on October 6, 1949, that LOUIS DEVOLDER had been identified as the sponsor of the call for a Massachusetts Peace Council at a meeting at the Community Church Center, 565 Boylston Street, Boston, Massachusetts.

The Massachusetts Peace Council is identified by Confidential Informant T-6, of known reliability, as an organization which was later identified as the Massachusetts Action Committee for Peace in which the Communist Party USA, District No. 1 was vitally interested and in which the members of the Communist Party at Boston, Massachusetts, actively participated.

The 1951 edition of Polks Boston, Mass. City Directory listed LOUIS DEVOLDER as a shoe exporter at 665 Atlantic Ave., Boston, Mass., Room 325-328.

- REFERRED UPON COMPLETION TO THE OFFICE OF ORIGIN

- 3 -

100-24527

ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE

CONFIDENTIAL INFORMANTS

	is a letter i nous source.	received by	the Bo	ston Of	fice	from a	an
T-2 is	3	contacted	by SA	CHRISTO	PHER	H. KO	KOLAKIS.
T-3 is Refuge	ee Committee	, to SA		t	he Jo in	oint A April	nti- 1948.
T-4 is							*
T-5 is	5	to SA CLE	MET A.	O'BRIEN	in (otobe:	r 1949.
T-6 is	5] to SA			•		
T-7 is	5	to SA PHIL	IP M. E	BREED.			

REFERENCE:

Report of SA FRANCIS J. DUANE at Washington, D.C. dated August 22, 1951.

_ 4

Elia Carial Oha	~_ ~~~ Out	
File - Serial Char FD-5 (Rev. 10-13	rge Out	@ 12 6.
1 D 3 (11ev. 10-13	1-03)	Date 9-13-95
10	A	Duit
File / //	2-22286	
Class.		
Olass.	Office of Origin Case No.	Last Serial
	☐ Pending ☐ Closed	
Serial No.	Description of Serial	Date
001	- Description of Serial	Charged Charged
38M		
20		
27	Transfers	ed to
,		
	sul To	
	Minanent-	Charge-rat
		,
	- Coh	
L.,		
	RECHARGE	Date
_		
То	From	
,	,	
, o		
Clerk		
를 ⁰)		
(
	A AM STALL AND THE ALL MADE AND	
		Date charged
H	Empleyee	Date Granged
	Employee	
	Location	
	Location	

UNICOR Print Plant - Fort Worth, Texas.

b6 b7C

ILDERAL	DUKEA	• *	VESTIGATION	
Form No. 1 THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT IEU YORI		COLUMN TO THE PARTY OF THE PART	FILE NO.	TILV
PEN YORK GGT 2	منا کے اساسا	od for which made 14,19,20, 7,10/3,4,1	M/3:	OLLY
TITLE	19,2	0,22,25/51	CHARACTER OF CASE	
isidor deinstein stom	was.		- EDAMOISET	R
TOTALIS! TOTALI	Gontact Council Council Profess as a So Confide d that d respond Lowing a L	loyed at of subject a speech of the Artions, STON CLELIST. Intial Infouring July ance at hi ddressors; July 24, ntial Infouring per gistered will listed s. Queons, TOOK 22 T	reant T-1, of kn and August, 195 s office in Vash Street 1951) rmant T-2, anoth sonnel records, neer the Selecti his address as 3 New York, and h	e set onel meelf own l, the ington, edviced ve fervice 5-46 is
		1,00	-22286	-40
APPROVED AND SP FORWARDED:	ECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE		DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES	
COPIES OF THIS REPORT 5 - Bureau 1 - Los Angeles (info.) 1 - San Francisco (info 2 - Washington Field (1.) 3 - Hew York (100-906)	00-22286	SERIAL	43 6 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	

SEMINET!

TY 100-90640

Race Uhite Born: December 18, 1897, Manhattan Reight: 51.7差11、 Veight: 175 pounds Brown Eyes: Fair: Flack Compexion: Dark Scars and Marks: Scar on lower chin One year, Trinity College; Education: ... two year pharmecist course at Philadelphia College of Pharmacy Business Experience: Twelve years as life insurance agent Employer: Massachusetts Mutual Life Insurance Company, 22 East 40th Street Married, November 24, 1920, Marital Status: Brooklyn, New York SYINIA F. RIENSTOCK (aged 12 in 1912) Wifet Daughter: porn 1922

The election records for Queens County, New York, as checked by SE verify the residence address for NATHAN S. EIENSTOCK as 35-46 74th Street, Jackson Heights. They further indicate that in 1945 and 1946 BIENSTOCK registered American Labor Party, while in 1947, 1948 and 1949 he registered Liberal Party.

The records of the Gredit Bureau of Greater New York, as checked by SE reveal the following information:

In a report dated Tovember 5, 1949, NATHAN S.

BIENSTOCK, residence address 35-46 74th Street, Jackson Heights,
Listed employment by the Massachusetta Mutual Life Insurance
Company at 37 Nest 43rd Street as an underwriter. His wife
was listed as SYLVIA F. BIENSTOCK. Former residence addresses
were listed as 425 Riverside Drive, 421 Nest 118th Street,
456 Riverside Drive, and 450 Riverside Drive.

Gonfidential Informant T-3, of known reliability, advised that NATEAN S. BIENSTOCK, 35-46 74th Street, Jackson



OF CONTRACTOR

NY 100-90640

Reights, New York, was interviewed on January 17, 1949, by AGNES SMERGEY who was residing at that time at the Hotel Carteret in New York City. This informant was unable to give any information regarding the nature of the contact.

LOUIS F. BUDENZ, former Managing Editor of the "Daily Worker", an East Goast Communist newspaper, advised SA WILLIAM J. McCARTHY, JR., that in the late 1930's SWEDIMY was a "valued agent" according to MARRY GANNES who was then the Foreign Editor of the "Daily Worker" and a member of the Communist Party.

Confidential Informant T-4, of known reliability, reported that NATHAN S. BIENSTOCK'S annual gross income in 1948 was 38,000.

Confidential Informant T-5, of known reliability, advised that NATHAN S. BIENSTOCK, 37 West 43rd Street, New York City, had sent a letter to ROBERT MACIFOFF in Louisville, Kentucky, in January, 1949. It will be recalled that ROBERT MACIFOFF was a correspondent in Moscow for many years and his wife, WILA, was a friend of Colonel NIKOFAI ZABOTIN of the Russian Embassy. In 1948 the Soviets denounced ROBERT MACIFOFF as a spy and ordered him to leave Moscow.

2. BENJAMIN D. STAV 050 Broadway Lew York City (on July 18, 1951)

There is no listing for EUNIANIN D. SHAW in the Manhattan Telephone Directory. The Cross Telephone Directory for Manhattan indicates that 850 Broadway is listed to H. RAUCH, Cigars, Gramercy 3-8842. Investigation at this address verified the fact that this location was occupied by a cigar store, but no information was developed on SHAW.

According to Confidential Informant T-6, of known reliability, one EMNJAVIN D. SHAW wrote a post card to FREDERICK VANDERBILT FIELD greeting him in prison and assuring FIELD that he would do everything he could to effect FIELD'S release.



SCORE!

NY 100-90640

It will be recalled that FIELD was sentenced to prison for contempt of court for refusing to reveal the names of contributors to the Civil Rights Congress.

The Civil Rights Congress is an organization declared by the Attorney General as coming within the purview of Executive Order 9835.

of known reliability, made available a three-page article entitled "It Can Happen Here." This article dated September 7, 1949, is written in the form of an open letter to the clergy of Peckskill, New York, from BERJANIN D. SHAW, 80 East 10th Street, New York City, and blames the clergy for the Peckskill riots.

The Cross Telephone Directory for Hanhattan does not reveal a listing for anyone named SPAV at 80 East 10th Street. Listings at this address appear for the following:

The First Columbia Windowing Cleaning Company

MACCABI GREENFIELD

SAMUEL LANGE, carpenter

- D. NICOLOSI
- 3. Room 600 41 East 42nd Street New York City (on July 25, 1951)

(e)

Investigation revealed this to be the office of the "American Zionist Review" and the Zionist Organization of America.

4. Suite 707 41 East 42nd Street New York Gity (on July 26, 1951)

(c)

Investigation determined this to be the office occupied by the American Palestine Committee.

SEGNET

NY 100-90640

Confidential Informant T-8, of known reliability, advised that Fire Island 5663, 5950, and 5669 are public telephones located in the Western Union office at Ccean Beach, Fire Island, New York.

Physical Surveillances

On September 13, 1951, a physical surveillence was instituted by the writer and SA in the vicinity of 1133 Park Avenue, New York City, but STONE was not observed entering or leaving this apartment house.

On September 14. 1951, a surveillance was instituted by the same agents and at 10:30 a.m. SIONS came out of 1133 Park Avenue and went to a neighborhood store where he purchased some paper. He then returned to his apartment and was not seen up until the time the surveillance was discontinued for security reasons.

On September 19, 1951, a surveillance in the vicinity of 1133 Park Avenue was instituted by SAS end At approximately 9:40 e.m. STOME was observed coming out of his apartment house and proceeding to 91st Street and Lexington Avenue where he entered MAX SCHWARTZ'S cigar store. Immediately thereafter STONE came out of this eiger store with newspapers under his arm and returned to his apartment house. At approximately 10:55 a.m. on this date STONE came out of 1133 Park Avenue with a woman believed to be his wife. After walking to a drug store on the northeast corner of Madison Avenue and 90th Street, the woman boarded a downtown bus at 90th Street and Fifth Avenue. STONE walked south on Fifth Avenue to 85th Street where he boarded a bus going west through Central Park and the surveillance was here discontinued for security reasons

On September 20, 1951, a surveillance was maintained in the vicinity of 1133 Park Avenue by the same agents and STONE was observed leaving this address at approximately

SECRET

10:40 a.m. He proceeded to the cigar store of MAX SCHMANZ and boarded a downtown bus at 90th Street and Lexington Avenue. STONE got off the bus at 49th Street and Lexington Avenue and entered Lanes Restaurant. Here he had something to eat and then left, walking to the Hotel Waldorf-Astoria. He entered Room 4V in the Waldorf-Astoria. Investigation here determined that Room 4V was the press room covering the 1951 convention of the American Bar Association.

Following this, STONE left the Waldorf-Astoria and walked to Brentanos incorporated at 586 Fifth Avenue, where he purchased a small book which appeared to be a Spanish-English dictionary. From here STONE went to the Libraire de France, Incorporated, 610 Fifth Avenue, where he purchased another book. Following this, STONE walked to a Woodworth 5 and 10¢ Store on \$12rd Street between Fifth and Sixth Avenues and he made another purchase.

From there STONE proceeded to 63 West lith Street, which is occupied by the New Book Store and Callery. STONE came out of this address in about ten minutes and had lunch at 1:30 p.m. at the 12nd Street Cafeteria between Sixth Avenue and Broadway. Thereafter he proceeded to the IRT Subway stop at Broadway and 12nd Street. He took a downtown train to Chambers Street and walked west to 16h Duane Street, New York City, office of the "Daily Compass". Shortly thereafter the surveillance was discontinued.

on September 26, 1951, SAS

and observed STONE coming out of 1133 Park

Avenue at approximately 10:00 a.m. He returned shortly
thereafter after visiting SCHARTZ'S digar store for some
newspapers. At 2:25 p.m. on the same date STONE again came
out of his residence and took a bus to high Street and
Lexington Avenue. From there he proceeded to 3k2 Madison
Avenue, which is the Canadian Pacific Building. After about
ten minutes he came out of this building and walked to Grand
Central Station. From there he proceeded by subway to his
office at 16k Duane Street. Shortly thereafter the surveillance
was discontinued.

MY 100-90640

SEGNET

On September 27, 1951, Agents and observed STOWE leave his residence at 10:55 a.m., and after making some purchases of newspapers and groceries in the neighborhood, he returned to his residence and did not come out until 2:55 p.m. when he agein proceeded via subway to his office at 164 Tuane Street.

On October 3 and on October 1, 1951, a surveillance was maintained in the vicinity of 161 Duane Street in an effort to observe STONE'S exit from the "Daily Compass" building. Towever, on neither day was STONE observed and the surveillances were discontinued in the evening.

In 1942 EDWARD STETTINIUS, JR., of Lend Lease. Washington, D. C., contacted the Washington Field Office of the FBI requesting an investigation to determine the source of a security leak, stating that classified information of his agency had appeared verbatim in "PM" newspaper in an article written by I. F. STONE. STETTINIUS later contacted the Washington Field Office and advised that also employed by Lend Lease, had admitted furnishing

b6 b7C

this material to STONE. STETTINIUS said he wished the investigation by the FBI to be discontinued to preclude possible damage to future opportunities in the Government. He said that this indiscretion would be dealt with within Lend Lease.

It will be noted that was one of the attorneys for WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON during the latter's recent perjury trial in New York City.

ADLAN MAX, Managing Editor of the "Daily Worker", wrote an article in the July 21, 1950 issue, page 7, column 1, in which he attacks I. F. STONE of the "New York Daily Compass" for pretending to be "in the middle" when he actually is siding with the United States on the Roycen wer situation.

Confidential Informant T-9, of known reliability, advised that a meeting of the National Council of the Arts



MY 100-90640

SEGNET

Sciences and Professions was held on July 25, 1951, at Carnegie Fall. New York City, to protest against the Smith Act. I. F. STONE was present and he said:

"We ere opening tonight a second front in the flight against the Smith Act. . We are here to fight Fascism. is what the Smith Act means for America and we are here to smash it before it smashes America." He stated that the Covernment is fighting against freeing the seventeen Communists on bail "because it's a phony case and the Government knows it." He underlined that "every democratic country in the world has a Communist Party and if we are a democracy, why shouldn't we have one?" He also seld, "The Communists are fighting against the Smith Act because they want to save their Party. The rest of us ere lighting to save America. Conspiracy to advocate is a dangerous thing to the Labor Government, to every group and individual in America. The Smith Act is a real instrument of terror. It is against the traditions of the West to prosecute a man for what he thinks." He said that he has "confidence in the American people. The American people will wake up very soon" and that "this meeting is a real contribution by coming out here tonight to fight for our fracdom.

Confidential Informant T-10, of known reliability, also submitted a report on the National Council of the Arts. Sciences and Frofessions meeting on July 25, 1951, and he advised that during the speech of I. F. STONE the latter stated:

we are here to thumb our noses at the law. . I am a Socialist but respect the rights of others to speak.

On July 13, 1951, Confidential Informant T-11, of known reliability, advised that ABNER GREEN, Executive Secretary of the American Committee for Protection of Foreign Born, notified ELIZABETH GURIEY FLYNN, Chairman, Women's Commission, Communist Party, USA, that bail for DASHIELL HAMMETT was being posted by I. F. STOLE.

SERIE!

NY 100-90640

It will be recalled that HADWETT was held in contempt of court along with FREDERICK VANDERBILT FIELD.

The American Committee for Protection of Foreign Born is an organization declared by the Attorney General as coming within the purview of Executive Order 9835.

On July 31, 1951, Confidential Informant T-11 advised that SI GERSON, Chairman, Legislative Bureau, New York State Communist Party, reminded I. F. STONE that he had a tentative dinner date that night with him and NARION BACHBACH, Public Relations Director, Communist Party, USA. According to the informant, STONE had planned to eat dinner that night with his brother, MARK. However, the informant and GERSON conferred and then advised STONE that he should bring his brother along. GERSON then added that he might also bring ELIZABETH CUMINY FLYNN.

by SE indicated that there is no record of I. F. STONE having a driver's license or automobile registration.

PENDING



11Y 100-90640

SECTION

ADMINISTRATIVE

T-1	A mail cover maintained by the
	Washington Field Office.
T-2	Selective Service records checked by
T-3	Confidential Source
	nom transfer bookes
T-L	Confidential Source
T-5	A mail cover on
	1964 Rouglas Boulevard, Louisville, Kentucky
	The second secon
T-6	Federal House of
	Detention, 427 West Street, New York City.
亚-7	Sec. Inft. who made this information
	available to SA and
	SE TO SE
T-8	Village of
	Ocean Beach, and
	Ocean Heach, who made this information available to SA DANIEL F.
	O'COMFOR.
T-9	Sec. Inft. Who furnished infor-
The second second	mation to SA JOHN W. DOOLEY.
T-10	Sec. Int.
are de la	Tone The Tone of t
T-11	Sec. Inft. who advised SA JOHN R. SMEETEY of the information on July 13.
	1951, and advised SE of the
	information on July 31, 1951.
	and the control of th

NY 100-90510

ADMINISTRATIVE (COUP'D)

STATE

MISCHLIMEOUS

Two copies of this report are being designated for the Machington Field Office in view of the Investigation still pending in that office. One copy of this report is being designated to the Los Angeles and Ean Francisco Offices for information purposes inaccuch as this is a Corme case.

LEATE

TEU YORK

At Sen York, Lew York

Will report results of mail cover.

will report the results of the physical surveillance

on STORE.

Mill develop information concerning CTOE'S bank

REFERENCE

Report of SA FRACUIS J. WARD, Machington Field, 8/22/51.



	ANICAL SECTION	N: OWING FOR <u>IT</u> ROO	M NO 535	DATE 11/6/5
MIME	OGRAPHING IGRAPHING	PHOTOGRAPHING DUPLIGRAPHING ADDRESSOGRAPH		PHOTOSTATING
NO. OF ORIGINALS	NO. COPIES REQUESTED OF EACH	KIND OF PAPER LETTERHEAD PLAIN	SIZE	NEGATIVE OR POSITIVE
10	11	report		
	-1k	NA 2 .	المريدة	
		·*· / / / / / / / / / /-	-	· .
	are in	Ostanjon contamin	///	<u> </u>
-	WEEK.	12192 983/1	Lathas	1
	DAINE		1.1.	
		and the same of th	* : // e	
	,	Searched	,	
		Serialized	E 43	
11/		Filed-		
H/	*			
REMARKS C	DR DESCRIPTIO	N ISITORE F		l Stolis, the
APPROVED_		SIGN	ED	41
0-11	Y	10-	0-220	286- 37

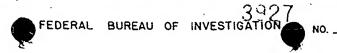
Fun:Enteren I. B. H.OD, SAC

PHOTOGRAPHIC

NEGATIVES	
POSITIVES	
CONTACT-PRINTS	
ENLARGEMENTS	
LANTERN SLIDES .	
MOUNTING	
OPAQUING	
DATE DELIVERED TIME , INITIAL	

PRINTING

-	DATE	INITIALS
SET Typed		
PROOFED		
CORRECTED		`
PLATES MADE		
RUN	-	
ASSEMBLED FOLDED		
STAPLED PUNCHED CUT	· ;	
DELIVERED	\$	



TO MECH	ANICAL SECTIO	N:		DATE
PLEASE PRE	PARE THE FOLL	OWING FORROOROO	M NO. 535	
MULTI	OGRAPHING IGRAPHING LIMAT	PHOTOGRAPHING DUPLIGRAPHING ADDRESSOGRAPH		PHOȚOSTATING MULTI-LITHING
NO. OF ORIGINALS	NO. COPIES REQUESTED OF EACH	LETTERHEAD PLAIN	SIZE	NEGATIVE OR POSITIVE
10	11	report	•	
			-	,
	HER DAT	100-22286	<u>rdd f</u> t	
	Search Serli	ed		
	Index:	d		,
REMARKS O	R DESCRIPTIO	N ISLEORE FE		f Stode, wa
APPROVED_		SIGNI	ED	-
0-11			•	

FJD:Bateman R. B. HOOD, SAC

PHOTOGRAPHIC

NEGATIVES	
POSITIVES	
CONTACT PRINTS	
OERTARGHMÉNTS	
HANTERNO SUIDES	
MOUNTING	· · · =
OPAQUING	
DATE DELIVERED TIME , INITIAL	
	POSITIVES IVEU-MECHANI CONTACT PRINTS DERLARGEMENTS ILLANTERNO SINDES MOUNTING OPAQUING DELIVERED TIME

PRINTING

4	DATE	INITIALS
SET TYPED	-	
PROOFED _		•
CORRECTED		
PLATES MADE		
RUN	11/15	PM
ASSEMBLED / / C.	15-5	
STAPLED PUNCHED CUT	م المعلق الم	
DELIVERED	-	

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE COMMINICATIONS SECTION NOV 14/55 Jaroles Faire Taje de 22286 TELETYPE WASHINGTON WASH FIELD FROM NEW YORK URGENTien Ref on variations ISIDOR F. STONE, WAS., ESP.-R. INFO FROM "DAILY COMPASS" INDICATES DIRECTOR AND SAC STONE WILL ADDRESS A PUBLIC MEETING AGAINST THE SMITH ACT IN WASHINGTON, D.C. TONIGHT AT ODDFELLOWS HALL, NINETH AND T STREETS, NORTHWEST, UNDER AUSPICES OF WASHINGTON COMMITTEE TO DEFEND THE BILL OF RIGHTS. REQUEST SURVEILLANCE OF SUBJ FOLLOWING MEETING TO DETERMINE CONTACTS AND ACTIVITIES. WFO TELEPHONICALLY ADVISED. b6 b7C En Milainelle & 5 PM. 100 -22286-43 SCHEIDT HON 14 11 OE bh se. BUREAU ADVISED

TELEFFE TOWNE 1951

NEW YORK 86 FROM WASH FIELD 15 10-55PM SAC DEFERRED

ISIDOR F. STONE, WAS., ESP-R. SUBJECT ON FOURTEENTH INSTANT AT ODD-FELLOWS HALL, NINTH AND T STREETS, N. W., WASH., D. C., ADDRESSED PUBLIC MEETING HELD UNDER AUSPICES OF WASHINGTON COMMITTEE TO DEFEND BILL OF RIGHTS UNDER CHAIRMANSHIP OF MARCUS GOLDMAN WHO HAS BEEN ACTIVE IN C. P. FRONT GROUPS. OTHER SPEAKERS ON PLATFORM WITH STONE INCLUDED ROY WOOD AND REGINA FRANKFELD. DOROTHY ROSE BLUMBERG SPOKE FROM AUD-IENCE WHILE MAURICE BRAVERMAN AND GEORGE A. MEYERS WERE INTRODUCED FROM THE AUDIENCE. WOOD, FRANKFELD, BLUMBERG, BRAVERMAN AND MEYERS ARE UNDER SMITH ACT INDICTMENTS AND PRESENTLY FREE ON BAIL. STONE STATED IN BRIEF THAT SMITH ACT NOT NEEDED AS EXISTING STATUTES SUFFICIENT TO PROSECUTE THOSE ENGAGED IN ESPIONAGE, SABOTAGE OR OVERTHROWING THE GOVERNMENT AND THUS GOVT HAS CONFESSED SMITH ACT IS A THOUGHT CONTROL ACT, THAT ALL INDICTMENTS TO DATE UNDER SMITH ACT IS A THOUGHT CONTROL ACT, THAT ALL INDICTMENTS TO DATE UNDER SMITH ACT DRAWN UNDER CON-SPIRACY STATUTE THUS CONFESSING INABILITY TO PROVE ANY OVERT VIOLATION OF THE SMITH ACT PROPER, AND THAT IN THE TRIAL OF THE ELEVEN THE GOVT HAD PUT WORDS INTO THE COMMUNISTS MOUTHS THAT THEY NEVER SAID. HAS NOT BEEN OBSERVED IN THIS CITY SINCE HIS DEPARTURE FROM THE MEET-ING AT ELEVEN FORTY FIVE P. M. WITH GOLDMAN IN GOLDMAN-S CAR.

BUREAU ADVISED

HOLD

HEREIN S ANGLASSIFIED ATTEMPT OF 22 2 86 44 ATTEMPT OF 22 2 2 86 ATTEMPT OF 22

HOOD

FD-72

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: PRI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE ALTE 03-22-2010

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT. NEW YORK CITY FILE NO. REPORT MADE AT REPORT MADE BY DATE WHEN PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE MADE 8-16,20,27,28; 9/5,25,27,10/3-WASHINGTON, D. C. 1 6 1951 FRANCIS J. DUANE FJD: teb CHARACTER OF CASE TITLE ISIDOR FEINSTEIN STONE, was. ESPIONAGE - R SYNOPSIS OF FACTS: b7D b6 Information previously reported b7C sets STONE's income during 1944 and 1945 at \$8000 and \$11500. FBI Pittsburgh unable to identify The Chicago Sun Times, National Press Building, is the 16191 9803 Additoy 1 DB 1619 16191 PROBLEM 1 1 subscriber to EXecutive 0151. FLETCHER, a domestic, resides 1125 6th Street, N. W. STONE still employed as feature writer for the New York Daily Compass. RUC -DETAILS: AT WASHINGTON, D. C. FINANCIAL STATUS Confidential Informant T-1. of known reliability. Special Agent JOHN B. COOK that PROVED AND ORWARDED: SPECIAL AGENT DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES IN CHARGE 00 COPIES OF THIS REPORT Searched - Bureau Serlized - New York (100-90640) Indexed. - Philadelphia (Info) Washington Field (100-22286)Filed

PROPERTY OF FBI - This confidential report and its contents are loaned to you by the FBI and are not to be distributed outside of agency to which loaned

b7C

The records pertaining to the foregoing account were furnished on a confidential basis and should only be made public through the issuance of a Subpoena duces tecum.

With respect to STONE's income during 1944 and 1945, Confidential Informant T-2, of known reliability, has advised that in 1944, STONE's total income approximated \$8,000. This informant was not able to identify all of STONE's sources of income but stated that this data could be secured from N. S. BIENSTOCK, 36-37 West 43rd Street, New York City. This same informant also advised that in 1945, STONE earned in excess of \$11500, writing for such publications as "P. M." and "The Nation."

RESIDENCE IN WASHINGTON, D. C.

The records of the Recorder of Deeds, Washington, D. C., revealed that as of October 29, 1951, ESTHER STONE was listed as the owner of the property at 5518 Nebraska Avenue, N. W., Washington, D. C.

CONTACTS AND ASSOCIATES

Confidential	Informant T-3, of known reliability,	
advised that on June 28, 1951, a	long-distance telephone call was made	
from th <u>e Washingto</u> n Office of th	e "Daily Compass," 1416 F Street, N. W.,	5
to one at ATlantic 1	3700, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania	

FBI, Pittsburgh determined that the Roosevelt Hotel, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, is the subscriber to telephone number ATlantic 13700. It was determined by FBI, Pittsburgh that was not an employee or a guest of the Roosevelt Hotel on June 28, 1951. The Pittsburgh Office was unable to furnish any identifying information with respect to

CONFIDENTIAL

CI T-8, of known reliability, advised that on July 24, 1951, STONE, while a guest at the hotel, made a telephone call to EXecutive 0151. Confidential Informant T-3 advised that the Chicago Sun Times, a newspaper, having local offices in the National Press Building, was the subscriber to this particular telephone number.

Confidential Informant T-4, of known reliability, advised that on July 20, 1951, subject was in receipt of correspondence from one MARGARET FLETCHER, 1125 6th Street, N. W. Washington, D. C.

Records of the Credit Bureau contained no information with respect to FLETCHER nor did the records of the Metropolitan Police Department.

Confidential Informant T-3 advised that FLETCHER was self-employed as a domestic. This informant was unable to furnish any additional pertinent information with respect to FLETCHER.

T-4 advised that on August 13, 1951, subject was in receipt of a communication from 40 West 44th Street, New York 18, New York. On August 14, 1951, he received correspondence from P. O. Box 200, Elmsford, New York. This informant advised that both pieces of correspondence had been directed to STONE at his former residence, 5618 Nebraska Avenue, N. W., but had been routed to him at his business address, 1416 F Street, NW.

Confidential Informant T-5, a reliable informant, advised early in January, 1949, that JUDITH COPL N, the former Department of Justice employee who was recently convicted in New York City and Washington, D. C., for espionage and for conspiring to commit espionage on behalf of Russia, had recently met STONE. This informant reported that when COPLON told the informant of having met STONE, she also told the informant that STONE thought she was "wonderful." The informant was unable to recall the interpretation that COPLON intended by this statement.

During the trial of JUDITH COPLON in New York City during 1950, she was represented by LEONARD BOUDIN of New York City.

Confidential Informant T-6, who has furnished reliable information to the FBI, described LEONARD BOUDIN in 1942 as a Communist labor lawyer and the husband of JEAN BOUDIN, who was then employed as the Assistant Editor of "Federated Press." The informant also stated that STONE was married to the sister of JEAN BOUDIN and identified his wife as ESTHER ROISMAN STONE.

Files of Confidential Informant T-2; a government agency, disclosed that in 1943, STONE's brother, MARC, was a candidate for admission to the AGO, Officer Candidate School, while serving in the United States Army. In completing the application, MARC STONE listed among his references, LEONARD BOUDIN, identified as an attorney, located at Salmon Towers, New York.

PRESENT OCCUPATION

An examination of the October 31, 1951, issue of the New York Daily Compass disclosed that STONE is still employed as a feature writer of this publication in New York City.

The August 26; 1951; issue of the Compass reveals that STONE, in an article captioned "Don't Be a Sucker for Brass Hats in Reading the Korea news," stated that China was drawn into the Korean war reluctantly and belatedly. He mentioned that China stood aside when the 38th Parallel was crossed in the U. N. Drive northward last year. He stated that China permitted the northern capitol, Pyongwang, to fall and did not intervene until the border regions were invaded, threatening China's dam installations and its own frontiers. He alleged that China's concern is with Formosa and not Korea and added that China would like to liquidate the Korean affairs as soon as possible in order to get on with the job of liquidating Chiang Kai-shek.

In the August 23, 1951, issue of the Compass, STONE in an article captioned, "The Mysterious Ambush and Sudden Offensive," stated that. "if there is bad faith in the Korean cease-fire talks, it looks as if the bad faith is on our side."

The August 15, 16, and 17, 1951, issues of the Compass contain articles by STONE, dateline, San Francisco. In these articles STONE reported an interview had with VINCENT HALLINAN, the West-coast attorney who recently served as defense counsel for the West-coat labor leader, HARRY BRIDGES. STONE also reported that HALLINAN was one of the lawyers who recently came forward to defend Communists recently arrested in California for violation of the Smith Alien and Sedition Law.

In the October 9, 10 and 11, 1951, issues of the Compass, articles by STONE, dateline, Boston, Massachusetts, reviewed the recent indictment of Professor DIRK J. STRUIK, of Massachusetts Institute of Technology and HARRY E. WINNER, whom he described as a Malden, Massachusetts, businessman. STONE reported that STRUIK and WINNER were indicted by the Commonwealth of Massachusetts for advocating the overthrow by force and violence of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

WFO-100-22286

Corporation of the

STONE pointed out that the penalty for violating the Massachusetts "Little Smith Act" is imprisonment for not more than three years or a \$1,000 fine or both. He stated that a conviction would cast a shadow over other classrooms in Massachusetts Institute of Technology and Harvard and be a victory for those herosy-hunters in Massachusetts who would like to impose innocuous conformity on its institutions of learning.

- REFERRED UPON COMPLETION TO THE OFFICE OF ORIGIN -

ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE

b2 b70 b70
h6

INFORMANTS

Til

T-2 Bureau of Internal Revenue

T-3 Mail Cover placed on subject's business address, 1416 F Stree T-4

T-5 T~6

New York Informant Files, Post Intelligence Office, Paren Field, Texas

Records of Hotel Willard.

LEADS

THE PHILADELPHIA OFFICE

*At Norristown, Pennsylvania

Will identify KATY FEINSTEIN at the State Hospital and will determine if this person is STONE's mother, noting that subject was born ISIDOR FEINSTEIN.

Will examine available records in an effort to evaluate STONE's financial worth. Will expressly endeavor to determine his income during 1944 and 1945 as contained in hospital records. (Lead previously set out in report FRANCIS J. DUANE, August 22, 1951. Philadelphia will note that New York is now the Office of Origin in this matter.)

THE NEW YORK OFFICE

At Elmsford, New York

Will identify the subscriber to Post Office Box 200.

At New York, City

Will identify the occupant of 40 West 44th Street,

New York City.

	Iill ide	entify	7				nothing	that
these individuals								
	Will	also	identify	the	following	who	were	
							4.7	

WFO 100-22286

REFERENCES

Report of SA FRANCIS J. DUANE, August 22, 1951, Washington, D. C.; b6
Report of SA June 1, 1951, New York.

CONFIDENTIAL

WF0 100-24628

MARCUS GOLDMAN was chairman of the meeting. The proposal of obtaining sponsors for the organization was discussed. It was indicated that the sponsors would not necessarily be members of the organization but their names would be utilized on organization letterheads and used in conjunction with fund raising activities. Sponsors list would be used for publicity purposes, so that it would appear that the organization had the solid backing of prominent Americans. Names mentioned were MARY CHURCH TERRELL, Dr. FRANKLIN FRAZIER and attorney BELFORD LAWSON

EMMA ROBINSON, as chairman of the Sponsor Committee, reported she had talked to a number of prominent Negro ministers in the city and that none of them were willing to lend their names as sponsors. She indicated that Mrs. TERRELL was desirous of talking to some of the members of the Committee before consenting to be a sponsor. ROY WOOD proposed that Dr. MARCUS GOLDMAN, Mrs. ELIZABETH GOLDMAN and MORRIS MURRAY be the persons to call upon Mrs. TERRELL, which suggestion was met with approval from the Committee.

EMMA ROBINSON also advised that ED FISHER, President of the local Confederation of Workers Union, had given her a verbal commitment that he would be one of the sponsors of the organization although he could not be an active member of the Committee.

MARCUS GOLDMAN reported that he had written a letter to Dr. FRANKLIN FRAZIER of Howard University, asking him to become a sponsor and further that he had spoken to Dr. FRAZIER on the telephone and that Dr. FRAZIER advised him that he, FRAZIER, was soon leaving for Paris, France, as an advisor to the United Nations Conference and, therefore, would be unable to participate in the activities of the organization. GOLDMAN stated, however, that FRAZIER promised to read all of the literature of the organization and later commit himself as to whether or not he would lend his name as a sponsor of the Committee (2)

EMMA ROBINSON requested assistance in obtaining sponsors and MARCUS GOLDMAN appointed MORRIS MURRAY as her assistant

The unidentified local ILWU executive (believed to be BILL GLAZIER) said that there was nothing left in the treasury of captioned organization and that he would have a talk with attorney JOE FORER concerning the latter's legal fees. During the conversation concerning finances it was indicated that HERMAN CLOTT was treasurer of the Washington Committee to Defend the Bill of Rights.

WFO 100-24628

CONFIDENTIAL

MARCUS GOLDMAN indicated that some \$23,000 had been raised through his efforts and the efforts of those concerned in raising bail for the jailed Baltimore, Washington Communist Party members. GOLDMAN indicated that fund raising was of prime importance for the Committee.

In connection with fund raising, ESTAR PASCOFF reported on her proposal to hold a bazaar by which to raise funds for the Committee. She said that her committee of women had decided to hold the bazaar at Inspiration House on the afternoon and hight of December 9, 1951. The bazaar would consist of selling clothes, electrical instruments, pastry and anything that the committee women could obtain from well-wishers and friends free of charge. There would be no admittance fee to the bazaar and the affair would be open to the public.

JOHN B. STONE, who had been in charge of publicity for the Committee, was criticized concerning the pamphlet written by him, "It Must Not Happen Here." In this pamphlet STONE made the statement that even non-members of the Communist Party were under the attack of the Smith Act. STONE defended himself by saying that he did not feel he could accept the responsibility of naming anyone as a member of the Communist Party in his pamphlet. ROY WOOD remarked that he felt as though Communists were outlaws in the publication which STONE had written. STONE took offense to the general attitude of the Committee toward the wording of his pamphlet. He said that he felt that he had done the best objective job he could under the circumstances and vigorously dissented with the opinion of ROY WOOD that he had set Communists aside in sort of a special group.

Informant advises that it is his observation that STONE and GOLDMAN differ on both the objectives as well as the means of operation of instant Committee and STONE appears to be disgusted that criticism was directed toward him because of his pamphlet.

As previously reported, ROY WOOD brought with him to the meeting a number of copies of a pamphlet published under the name of the Communist Party of the District of Columbia and Baltimore, Maryland, which pamphlet dealt with rising prices and its affect upon labor and the general masses. This pamphlet has been retained with informant's original report which was furnished on and dated October 26, 1951.

CONFIDENTIAL

There follows the officers of the organization as furnished by the informant:

Chairman - MARCUS GOLDMAN
Secretary - HELEN GUREWITZ CP
Treasurer - HERMAN CLOTT
Publicity - JOHN B. STONE CP

Sponsors - EMMA ROBINSON and MORRIS MURRAY
Contact with other organizations - GERTRUDE EVANS, who will
furnish a mailing list in this connection.

ROY WOOD sits in on the meetings as sort of a general advisor according to the informant and MARCUS GOLDMAN calls upon WOOD for advice on certain matters such as meetings, speeches at public affairs, as to fund raising activities, general conduct of the organization as well as promotion of its primary activities.

Legal Advisor - JOSEPH FORER (*) W

JOHN STONE advised the Committee that he had talked with ROB HALL concerning obtaining funds from the George Marshall fund and the National Federation for Constitutional Liberties. STONE said that HALL advised him he felt that the Defense of the Bill of Rights Committee might possibly obtain funds from the Federation mentioned. STONE indicated he was not clear on what HALL had meant but would contact him again and make a report at the next meeting.

It was proposed that the following speakers be obtained for the public meeting to be held at the Odd Fellows Hall on the evening of November 14, 1951:

I. F. STONE of New York, MARY CHURCH TERRELL, ED FISHER, and as possible speakers JOHN ABT and VITO MARCANTONIO, as well as several of the defendants of the Smith Act cases among whom were mentioned ROY WOOD, JEAN FRANKFELD and GEORGE MEYERS.

ED MAJCHRZYK was not present at the meeting

WFO 100-24628

The meeting got under way and finances of the Committee were discussed. HERMAN CLOTT reported that the organization now had \$63 in its treasury. CLOTT said that \$650 had been paid to JOSEPH FORER for legal fees. CLOTT said he would meet with attorney FORER concerning a means for raising more funds for the organization.

The November 14 general public meeting was next discussed. MARCUS GOLDMAN stated that the speakers would be I. F. STONE, ROY WOOD, MARY CHURCH TERRELL, ED FISHER and possibly JEAN FRANKFELD.

GOLDMAN stated that to date the Committee had been unable to obtain any number of sponsors for the organization. He said that MARY CHURCH TERRELL had agreed to become a sponsor after a check was made by her with the Attorney General. According to GOLDMAN, Mrs. TERRELL stated that the Attorney General advised that the Washington Committee to Defend the Bill of Rights was not on the subversive list. GOLDMAN said that he is under the impression that EDDIE FISHER has lent his name as sponsor of the organization.

It was noted that BOB LAUTMAN has volunteered for the responsibility of seeing that the November 14 public meeting is a success. It is LAUTMAN's job to secure speakers and to see that the meeting goes off on schedule.

ESTAR PASCOFF is in charge of the December 9, 1951, bazaar and she is to obtain a speaker for this occasion.

The name of MARTHA MALKIN was mentioned by Mrs. PASCOFF as an individual active in planning for the bazaar. Mrs. PASCOFF stated that a bazaar committee was to meet on November 4, 1951, at the MALKIN residence.

MARCUS GOLDMAN announced that he had received word from JOHN STONE that he STONE, would no longer be an active member of the organization due to pressure from his job as a representative of the Federated Press. GOLDMAN said that STONE advised he would stand ready to aid the Committee in any manner he could that would fit in with his Federated Press work schedule.

Literature to be published by the Committee in regard to the fund raising activities and announcing of meetings, will be done by Presentations Incorporated, so announced HELEN GUREWITZ and MARCUS GOLDMAN.

WFO 100-24628

CONFIDENTIAL

HELEN GUREWITZ stated that SAM ABBOTT would be available for publicity work for the Committee.

GOLDMAN announced that he had written the President of the Civil Liberties Union in regard to supporting the Committee and he said that the answer from the President of the Civil Liberties Union was to the effect that the Union was just organizing nationally, however, they would keep in touch with the local Committee for future assistance.

HERMAN CLOTT announced that he had seen ROB HALL concerning finances from the GEORGE MARSHALL National Federation for Constitutional Liberties. CLOTT said that HALL just laughed at him when he mentioned the MARSHALL organization as a possible source of funds. CLOTT went on to say that JOHN STONE had received the wrong impression from HALL in that the MARSHALL organization was no good for financial support.

MARCUS GOLDMAN reminded the Committee that it still owed him \$90 for stamps.

HELEN GUREWITZ reported on the proposed December 9 bazaar at Inspiration House to raise funds for the Committee. She said that Inspiration House was already secured with a \$5 deposit and that she and ESTAR PASCOFF planned to bring more Progressive women into the bazaar committee. She especially named women who were members of the District of Columbia Progressive Party.

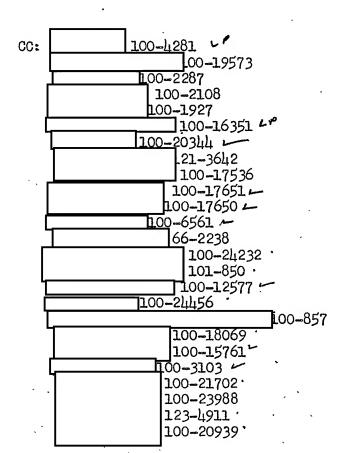
A meeting was planned for the evening of November 5, at the office of the District of Columbia Progressive Party, the purpose being to mail announcements of the November 14 public meeting at Odd Fellows Hall. Those volunteering to attend the mailing were MARCUS GOLDMAN, ROY WOOD, GERTRUDE EVANS, IRVING TEITELBAUM, SELMA REIN and MORRIS MURRAY. ROY WOOD, at the suggestion of MARCUS GOLDMAN, volunteered his wife LARIENE, when GOLDMAN said that his wife ELIZABETH would be there also.

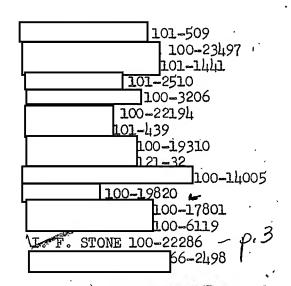
November 30, 1951

WASHINGTON COMMITTEE TO DEFEND THE BILL OF RIGHTS

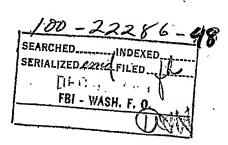
On November 26, 1951, furnished Special Agent EDWARD P. BROWN a report dated November 22, 1951, on the mass meeting of the Washington Committee to Defend the Bill of Rights held on November 14, 1951, at the Odd Fellows Hall, 9th and T Streets, N. W. The original report will be maintained in 66-2498-Sub A.

Informant reported that the attendance at the above meeting was estimated at over 200 and that he identified the following individuals as present:





100-24628 EPB:NPB:



b2 b7D

P -- (1)

b6 b7C

Mr. and Mrs. ROB HALL ART and ANNIE STEIN SELMA REIN NATALIE LAMKIN ANN YALOM JOE and ELEANOR BELSER HELEN and BILL SHONICK HELEN BROWN and husband (ELDRIDGE) Dr. MARCUS GOLDMAN SALLY PEEK MORRIS MURRAY LYNWOOD CUNDIFF FRANCES KLAFTER BOB BRUCE Mr. and Mrs. SAM PEARLMAN Mr. F. A. BLOSSOM MARY CHURCH TERRELL ROY WOOD JEAN FRANKFELD I. F. STONE (Columnist, New York Daily Compass)

LILLIAN CLOTT EMMA ROBINSON ESTHER (not further identified) BURT FELTER GARNET and SANDRA McCOY BARBARA BIRD EDDIE FISHER SHELDON and SOPHIE DRESSLER LEON and MARTHA MALKIN BETTY HAYS RUSS (colored, not otherwise identified) (Chief usher, white, 5' 5", 140-150 lbs, 25-28 years, blond hair, blue eyes, slightly .bald, mustache, stubby fingers, wears gold rimmed glasses)

The meeting commenced with the singing of the Star Spangled Banner. Dr. GOLDMAN then gave a brief resume of what has happened with reference to the indictment and harassment of the arrested Communists. He then introduced ROY WOOD, the next speaker. WOOD is not a very accomplished speaker and has a tendency to hesitate every few words. Mrs. FRANKFELD told of how she and Mr. FRANKFELD were in jail in Baltimore when the Cleveland Police invaded their home in Cleveland at 3:00 A.M. the day preceding the Baltimore trial, and of how the police were very demanding of the children as to the whereabouts of their parents. She explained that Mr. FRANKFELD could not be present at this meeting, because of being afraid of leaving the State of Maryland for fear that he would be arrested on a warrant issued by the Cleveland Police. A telegram was received from him explaining this fact and wishing success.

After a few songs by the Peace Chorus, EDDIE FISHER read his speech and then asked for donations of \$100. Dr. MARCUS GOLDMAN was the first and only contributor of \$100.00. Donations of \$50 were requested and AL BERNSTEIN was one of several who contributed this amount. After receiving only a few large donations, FISHER requested smaller and smaller amounts until the total sum of \$570 in cash and \$196 in pledges was received.

WFO 100-24628

The principal speaker of the evening was I. F. STONE, Columnist for the New York Daily Compass. He admitted that he is a socialist; however, he stated that regardless of whether a person is a socialist, a Communist, or the like, he should not be persecuted or prosecuted for his political beliefs. He stated that the government has no case against the Communists and proceeded to point out where they were failing to prove their case and were using hearsay evidence. That was the main theme of his talk.

In Mr. WOOD's talk, he referred to ELIZABETH BENTLEY as "the lowest, slimiest individual". (Information received from other coverage of the above meeting indicates that the above reference was made concerning MARY STALCUP MARKWARD instead of ELIZABETH BENTLEY, as informant reports.) WOOD told of how she made friends and accepted their hospitality and then lied in the court of law about them. He also commented about people flying the confederate flag, stating that they were in favor of slavery, and that it was a KKK drive. He wondered why they were not prosecuted instead of the Communists, because the Communists offer more to the American negro. They were going to open the floor for discussion but when Mr. STONE ended his talk there was not sufficient time so the meeting was adjourned.

After the meeting,	and informant
discussed the taking of persons to Philadelphia to attend	
During this time, MA	RTHA MALKIN gave
\$90 to GERTRUDE EVANS who, in turn, gave it to EMMA ROBINS	ON. This money
represented dues and pledges from the Northwest Club of th	e Communist Party.
	Progressive
Informant furnished an announcement of the above	meeting of subject
committee, which will be furnished to Special Agent	to.
whom the case is assigned.	٠,٠,٠

b7D

EPB: NPB

Office Memorandum • United States Government

: SAC, WFO (100-24628)

ATT. DEC 3 195

FROM :

SA

SUBJECT:

WASHINGTON COMMITTEE TO DEFEND THE

BILL OF RIGHTS

INTERNAL SECURITY - C

3/25/92 983 seld/teg

b7D

b7C

On November 17, 1951, made available to the writer a handwritten report, the pertinent substance of which is being set forth herein. Informant's original handwritten report is being maintained in 66-2036.

Informant reported that on November 14, 1951, captioned committee held a meeting at the Odd Fellows Hall, 9th and T Streets, Northwest at 8:30 P. M. Informant estimated that there were approximately 250 people in attendance at this meeting.

The following named individuals known to the informant, were present at this meeting:

MARCUS GOLDMAN
THELMA DALE
CHARLOTTE YOUNG
SOPHIE RICH
REBECCA PEARLMAN
LOUIS PEARLMAN
ROB HALL
MICKY HALL

WILLIAM JOHNSON SALLIE PEEK

LOUELLA WILLIAMS LYNWOOD CUNDIFF JOHN RUDDER

DORIS RUDDER

MR. and MRS. DAVE SIEGAL JOSEPH RINIS

GERTRUDE RINIS
RAY PINKSON

BETTY HAYS OLIVER PALMER

BEA PALMER EMMA ROBINSON

AL UNDERWOOD

MORRIS MURRAY ANN YALOM

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 07-06-2010

CNDeT: EM cc - Baltimore (Info)

ED FISHER
JULIUS KAPLAN
MARY CHURCH TERRELL
ROBERT LAUTMAN
CORRINE LAUTMAN
I. F. STONE
GERTRUDE EVANS
SELMA REIN
CASEY GUREWITZ
HELEN GUREWITZ
LILLIAN CLOTT

ESTAR PASKOFF ROY WOOD LARIENE WOOD DOROTHY ROSE BLUMBERG

JEAN FRANKFELD
MR. and MRS. GEORGE MEYERS
SARAH d' AVILA

BRUSS

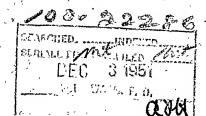
(Czech Embassy) ARTHUR STEIN

DR. IRVING WINIK

AL SHERMAN VIC FLEISCHER

WILLIAM SHONICK

HELEN SHONICK



The first to speak at this gathering was the Chairman, MARCUS GOLDMAN, who spoke of the excessive bail for the Communist Party leaders, pointing out that bail for murderers was much less. GOLDMAN stated that President TRUMAN is attempting to set up thought control in the United States.

Next on the agenda was a speech by Mrs. MARY CHURCH TERRELL who pledged herself to fight for the Bill of Rights in all of its forms.

JEAN FRANKFELD described the event surrounding her arrest in Cleveland, Ohio, and the arrest of her husband at the New York Airport. She explained how the FBI in handcuffing her embarrassed her before her child. JEAN FRANKFELD thanked the people of Maryland and the District of Columbia for raising the money for their release from jail.

ROY WOOD made a speech informing those present of his experiences in the Baltimore City Jail, thanking the people of Maryland and the District of Columbia for arranging his release. WOOD brought up the subject of the Confederate flags now being shown in public places in open defiance by the people. He reminded those in attendance that these people have no respect for law and order, pointing out that the negro people were enslaved under this flag. He also spoke of how MARY STALLCUP MARKWARD betrayed the people she brought into the party and noted that the American Legion had given her "a great send off" and that she was scheduled to speak before the Knights of Columbus that very evening.

MARCUS GOLDMAN introduced Mr. and Mrs. GEORGE MEYERS, MAURICE BRAVERMAN and LARTENE WOOD. GOLDMAN also spoke of how the rights of the negro people have been taken away by restricting them from schools and public eating places.

EDWARD FISHER, President of Local 471, spoke in favor of the Bill of Rights and pointed out how the negro and white workers must struggle together for unity. FISHER then started the fund raising ceremonies by asking for one-hundred dollar contributions. MARCUS GOLDMAN was the first to donate one-hundred dollars. The informant learned that there was approximately seven hundred dollars raised at this meeting in pledges and cash.

The meeting was concluded with a speech by I. F. STONE.

Informant made available a pamphlet distributed at the above meeting which was published by the Communist Party of Maryland and Washington, D. C., entitled "Arrest JIM CROWE and LYNCHING Not Working Class Leaders." This pamphlet will be maintained as an exhibit in 100-421A, Literature and Pamphlets.

EXTREME CAUTION MUST BE EXERCISED IN REPORTING INFORMATION REFLECTED ABOVE IN ORDER TO PROTEST THE IDENTITY OF THE INFORMANT.

CC - 66-2036 100-421 101-509 100-2082 100-5660 100-4739	100-20939 100-18072 100-14005 100-19301	
100-20557 100-18284 100-4281 100-19573 100-2686 100-6564 100-15530	100-22286 100-12577 101-1927 65-1131 100-20644 100-18069 100-14445	(T.F. STONE)
100-24232 100-23634 100-24867 100-5558 65-1841 100-2677 100-17304	100=19820 100=19907 100=16930 100=17801 100=23841 100=13135	
100-22194 100-14004 100-18442 100-15761 66-2238 100-20344 66-2036	105-1850 100-2287 100-2108 100-2669 100-13743 100-17725 100-17650	

fice Memorandum UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT.

SAC, WFO (100-24628) TO

DEC 11 1951 DATE:

FROM:

SA. GILBERT G. BENJAMIN

SUBJECT:

MEETING OF WASHINGTON COMMITTEE DEFEND THE BILL OF RIGHTS

INTERNAL SECURITY - C

On November 15, 1951, Washington Security Informant furnished the writer verbally information concerning her attendance at a meeting of the captioned organization on November 14, 1951. 😥

On November 23, 1951, she furnished the writer with a written report concerning her attendance at the above meeting which report is set out below. Copies of this report will be designated for the appropriate individual files and the original will be maintained in WFO 66-2037: (4) LM

•	"On Wednesday	evening, N	ovember 1	th. 1951,
7:45 Р.М	I met	in front		
		from which	point we	proceeded

- arriving at our destination the 'Odd Fellows' Auditorium at exactly 8 P.M

"We found 'SUE POSTON, ANNIE YALOM, and two young men (unknown to me) waiting for the auditorium to be opened. One of the men assumed charge, by placing chairs, tables, etc. ()

"By 8:30 - the auditorium, which is small, was filled by approximately 175-to 200 persons. MARCUS GOLDMAN, was Chairman of the meeting. Seated on the platform were: Mrs. PHIL FRANKFELD; ROY WOOD; ED FISHER (of the Cafeteria Workers! Union).

"Among those in attendance whom I recognized were: MARGARET SHIPMAN; LILLIAN CLOTT; GERTRUDE EVANS; ESTHER TABACK; ELIZABETH (from N.C. good member of Wash. Bookshop); FRED BLOSSOM; HENRIETTA STERNS; INEZ SAGER; MARCUS GOLDMAN, and MARY CHURCH TERRELL; also MARCUS GOLDMAN'S wife. WYW

"MAURICE BRAVERMAN; Mr. and Mrs. MEYERS were introduced from the floor.

GGB: MG

100-22286-SEARCHED...._INDEXED. SERIALIZED TELED DEC 1 1 1951 FBI - WASH, F. O. ouane

b6 b7C WF0 100-24628

"MARCUS GOLDMAN opened the meeting by asking all to stand and sing 'The Star Spangled Banner.'
Possibly, ten voices made a sorry attempt, after which GOLDMAN said the Washington Committee to Defend the Bill of Rights was 'organized to act,' and was going to continue to grow and work, and that 'it is because of your determination, that these people are with us tonight.'

"GOLDMAN then presented ROY WOOD, much applause.
WOOD made such remarks as 'gratefulness to Washington group
for raising bail, that 'THOMAS JEFFERSON advocated changing
the Government if it was the wish of the people, and that's
what we intend to do, The Bill of Rights gives us that
right. Much applause.

"Mrs. FRANKFELD was presented as a school teacher in Baltimore. She 'told of her husband being in New York, and she in Ohio, and both being arrested at the same time,' and meeting her husband in jail in Baltimore. She said, her home had been "ransacked," and that the F.B.I. had frightened her mother, and her own two children. Mrs. FRANKFELD also urged the Washington Committee to become stronger, and thanked them for raising the bail. She also said that 'it would not be possible to be here tonight if you hand's of been on the job. (

"GOLDMAN introduced MARY CHURCH TERRELL, (sitting on first row, floor) as the grand old lady of Washington. She arose and took a bow - and later gave \$10.00 to the Committee.

"Mr. and Mrs. MEYERS, BRAVERMAN were introduced from first and second row seats, on floor. They took bows amid much applause - they did not speak.

"ED FISHER, Negro - Cafeteria Workers Union' - was next, and last introduced by GOLDMAN. FISHER stressed the need of a strong committee to Defend the Bill of Rights here in Washington. He then called aggressively for contributions - first for \$100 bills with no response until MARCUS GOLDMAN gave one. He got nowhere with calls for \$50 and finally called for \$10.00 = and with Mrs. GOLDMAN passing the hat, he collected \$576 or \$578 = not certain odd figure.

"When FISHER called for \$10.00, a very well dressed man in the front row, two rows ahead of me, put his hand up. FISHER asked his name - the man said 'never mind.' After that, no names were called.

:WFO 100-24628

"I understood the name of AL STEIN called, giving \$10.00.

"After collection, I.F. STONE, was presented as speaker. He gave a brief talk on why the Smith Act should be repealed - saying there were laws already to take care of any situation.

"He spoke of his recent trip abroad, and said you'll never know how refreshing it was to be out of this country for a year. The applause was tremendous. He referred to the 'brave people whom you have demanded release'. He closed his brief remarks by saying 'We'll lick the F.B.I. bastards yet, and give the Bill of Rights back to the people.

"Before closing GOLDMAN announced Bazaar at Inspiration House, and also to pick up 'good reading' at back table. I went to the table and got material from ESTHER TABLEK former manager of Washington Bookshop. I left the building after speaking to FRED BLOSSOM and HENRIETTA STERNS, and

said I wonder how many F.B.I. men were in the crowd, you know it was a Communist meeting. I said I wouldn't know one if I were to see him, but what do you mean Communist meeting. She answered, 'well, nearly everybody there was a Communist. The conversation was then turned to 'what a good meeting it was...."

b7D

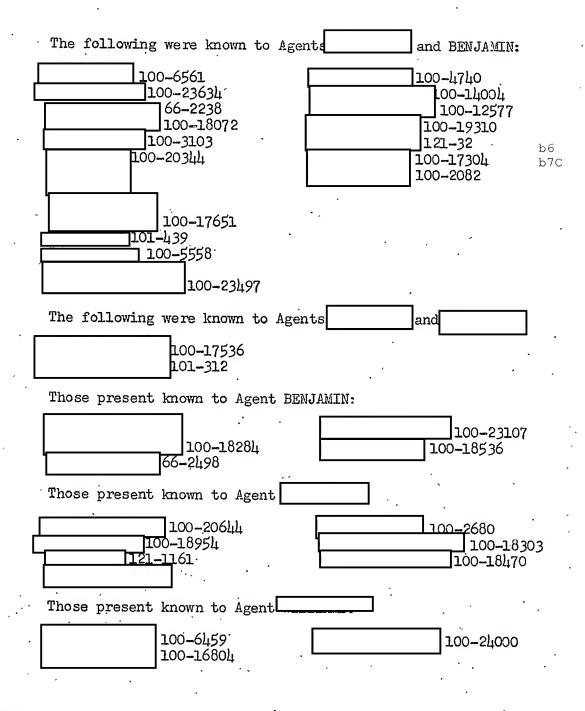
Office Memorandum • united states government

Jjivo Lia	LOTTO TOTTO TOTTO			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		,		
TO : SAC	, WASHINGTON FIELD 100-2462	28. DA	TE: 12 /11/5	
FROM : SA				
	E WASHINGTON COMMITTEE TO DEF E BILL OF RIGHTS	PEND		
	PERNAL SECURITY - C		**	
0	On November 14, 1951, Special	Agents		LBERT
G. BENJAMIN	N, and and and of the above organization,	which were hold	attended a	lows
Hall, 9th a	and T Streets, N. W. The tot	tal number of ind	ividuals prese	nt
was approxi identified	imately 200 to 225, among who by agents who attended:	om the following	individuals we	re
` ,	The following individuals in	attendance were	known to Agent.	g * *
	BENJAMIN and	about date in the	u,	• tb6
Г	101-509			b7C
Ģ	100-23447 65-1131	TAMKOTHI LIA	ION COMINIMED	
Ė	100-17650	DATE 1357	123 9831	dafter
<u></u>	121-3642 00-18069	Distance of the second		
	100-4281 100-19573	•		
	100-19820			
*	100-17801 100-20939	0.3		,
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	I. F. STONE 100-22286 / LO1-1920	P		
	101-1927			
	<u>10</u> 0 – 16930			
F	100-1400! 100-23841	5		
	100-19907 100-15761		1	
	100-22194 100-2108			
	100-2287		120- 22	216 €

CFW: NPB

MEMO SAC

RE: WASHINGTON COMMITTEE TO DEFEND THE BILL OF RIGHTS, IS - C



CFW: NPB

CLASSIFIED DECISIONS FINALISTS
F DEPARTMENT REVIEW COMMITTEE (DRC)
DATE: S 19400 S021 (ST)

CONFIDENTIAL

123-4911

WFO DIVISION 100-L21

SCHICKED VALUES 1

090/13 195/

CONFIDENTIAL

On November 14, 1951, the Washington Committee to Defend the Bill of Rights sponsored a public meeting at Odd Fellows Hall, 9th and T Streets, N.W., which meeting lasted from nine to eleven p.m. Among the some 250 persons present Informant identified the following:

BELTZER, ELEANOR BELTZER, JOE BIRD BARBARA ANN BLOSSOM, FREDERICK BLUMBERG, DOROTHY BRAVERMAN. MAURICE BROWN, ELDRIDGE BROWN, MRS. ELDRIDGE BRUCE, ROBERT CLOTT, LILLIAN CUNDIFF, LYNWOOD DALE, THELMA EVANS, GERTRUDE FELTER, BURTON FISHER, EDWARD. FORER, JOE FRANKFELD, REGINA GLAZIER, BILL GOLDMAN, ELIZABETH GOLDMAN, MARCUS GUREWITZ, CLARENCE GUREWITZ, HELEN HALL, ROB HYAMS, JACOB IRVING, MARY JOHNSON, BILL KAPLIN, JULIUS

KLAFTER, FRANCES LAUTMAN, BOB MALKIN, MARTHA MEYERS, GEORGE MURRAY, MORRIS PALMER . OLIVER PASCOFF, ESTAR PEEK, SALLIE REIN, DAVID REIN, SELMA ROBINSON, EMMA RUDDER, JOHN RUDDER, MRS. JOHN SHIPMAN, MARGARET SHONICK, HELEN SHONICK, WILLIAM STEIN, ANNIE STEIN, ARTHUR STERN, HENRIETTA STONE, I. F. SUROVELL, ESTHER TERRELL, MARY CHURCH UNDERWOOD, AL WOOD, LARIENE WOOD, ROY WILLIAMS, LOUELLA YALOM. ANN'

The master of ceremonies for the evening was MARCUS GOLDMAN. Other speakers included I. F. STONE of the New York Daily Compass, who was the main speaker of the evening; EDDIE FISHER of the Local 71, United Cafeteria Workers Union, gave the fund raising speech; ROY WOOD, DOROTHY BLUMBERG, MARY CHURCH TERRELL, REGINA FRANKFELD.

MAURICE BRAVERMAN and GEORGE MEYERS were introduced to the audience; however, they did not speak.

At the rear of the hall was a literature table which, among other periodicals, contained a book by GEORGE MARION, "The Communist Trial and American Crossroads." Other periodicals observed for sale were the National Guardian Newspaper, Freedom Newspaper and several publications dealing with peace. ESTAR PASCOFF and ELEANOR BELTZER were observed by Informant as being in charge of the table.

The persons known to Informant acting as ushers, under the guidance of BOB LAUTMAN, were Mrs. ELIZABETH GOLDMAN, BURTON FELTER, MORRIS MURRAY, BOB LAUTMAN.

Following the fund raising speech by EDDIE FISHER a collection was made in the audience and approximately \$500.00 was collected. An additional \$100.00 was pledged to the organization from persons in the audience. MARCUS GOLDMAN started the donations rolling with a gift of \$100.00.

MARCUS GOLDMAN in his introductory remarks said that some \$77,000.00 bail had been raised to free the Washington - Baltimore Communists who had been arrested under the Smith Act.

ROY WOOD in his speech contributed his being out of jail to members of the audience and supporters of the Washington Committee to Defend the Bill of Rights. WOOD lashed out at "government stool pigeons" and referred to Mrs. MARY STALCUP MARKWARD in this respect. He described her as one who had recruited persons into the Communist Party "just to turn their names over to the FBI."

JEAN FRANKFELD described how arrests under the Smith Act affected whole families and related the incidents surrounding her arrests and that of her husband, BILL FRANKFELD and how it affected her family but that she was glad to announce that she and her husband and children were now living under one roof in Baltimore.

I. F. STONE was the main speaker of the evening. He generalized on what he termed were three weak links in the government's case against the Communist under the Smith Act.

BOB LAUTMAN was responsible for the general program of the meeting.

CONFIDENTIAL

The Washington "Peace Chorus" under the direction of BILL SHONICK sang several songs including "Hallelujah" and "Willie McGee". Of the nine individuals comprising the "Peace Chorus" Informant identified the following: ESTHER SUROVELL, CASEY GUREWITZ (pianist), BILL SHONICK (leader). JOE BELTZER, LYNWOOD CUNDIFF, and JACOB HYAMS.

Attached to Informant's original report and being retained therewith is the announcement of the Washington Committee to Defend the Bill of Rights meeting, described above, which Informant advises was sent through the mail in the form of general invitations to the affair. Informant orally advised that it was his understanding that BOB LAUTMAN was responsible for the mimeographing of the announcement. Also attached with Informant's report are mimeographed slips which were to be filled out by members of the audience interested in being informed of the Washington Committee to Defend the Bill of Rights' activities. One of the slips so furnished by the Informant contained the name MARGARET SHIPMAN, Address, 125 5th Street, N.E.

0

b2 b7D b6 b7C

			. '
WASH FROM WASH FIELD	CONFIDENTIAL	12/13/51	MA 06:11
DIRECTOR	com Arianuc	URGENT	
, w	AS. IS-C. DAYLET.	ADVISED SUB	JECT WAS
CONTACTED ON DECEMBER	TWELVE, LAST BY I.F. ST	ONE OF DAILY COMP	ASS.
	OF ARTICLES HE HAS BEEN		, y -
	ES, HE IS SAYING WHAT I		* .
	AR IS NOT INEVITABLE AND		
	CATED TAFT NEAREST THING		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
INFORMANT FURTHERADVI	1,34	HAT HE THINKS ATT	· Armatina di Parameter Armania di Parameter Armani
MC GRATH WILL BE FIRE	D AND QUOTE THEY ARE GOI		i es
	SUBJECT EXPRESSED HOPE		
	ER HAVE HOOVER WORKING OF		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	"A FASCIST". SUBJECT I		, ,,,,,
	WASHINGTON, D.C. WHICH I		
	ILL OF RIGHTS, THREE HUNI		
	O. STONE INDICATED HE H		
	AND THOUGHT THAT MEANS PI	THE STATE OF THE STATE OF	
-		-	6.8
about batta Act. For	INFO ONLY. INFORMANT'S	IDENTITY MUST BE	PROTECTED.
	9 Jass Lied Voy 2803/1	dd they HOOD	
GMG:ep	Decident ce: Cada		
100-4281 V 563 100-22286			

100 - 22286-53

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 03-22-2010

SECURITY IN FORMATION - CONTIDENTIAL FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

FORM NO. 1
THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT NEW YORK

FILE NO.

LEJ

Inden

NEW YORK	DATE WHEN MADE 12/18/51	1:6/26; 30; 1Mp/7, 8,9,14,15,19,	REPORT MADE BY EDWIN R. TULLY	CONFIDENTIAL.
ISIDOR FEINSTEIN	STONE, V	4,5,7/51 vas.	CHARACTER OF CASE ESPIONAGE - R	

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

0 16 9 9809 A Date

Surveillance indicates subject visited israeli Consulate, Jewish Agency for Palestine, and WMCA building. Informant advised subject was invited to Civil Rights Congress meeting, but declined, stating he did not want to correlate his work with CRC. 12 St. Lukes Place, NYC, is apartment of LEONARD BOUDIN. Information on contacts of STONE set out.

- P -

DETAILS:

Confidential Informant T-1, of known reliability, advised that I. F. STONE has been residing at 1133 Park Avenue, New York City, since late August or September 1951. STONE resides in Apartment 7E, which faces east. The STONE family consists of his wife, ESTHER, two boys and one girl. According to T-1, the girl is away at college, while the two boys go to school each day in New York City. Informant said as far as he can determine the STONES have few visitors, no known friends in the apartment house, and keep very much to themselves. Mrs. STONE does not work and, according to this informant, I. F. STONE goes to work at different times during the day and on some days is not seen leaving the apartment house up until 3 p.m. in the afternoon. Informant stated that STONE has no automobile.

APPROVED AND FORWARDED:	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES
	03	and and
5 - Buresu 2 - Boston (Copies co	ntinued - see next pa	SEARCHED NDEXED NO SERIALIZED AND FILED
3 - New Yo	rk (100-96010)	DEC 2 1 1997// FBI - WASH. F. O

PROPERTY OF FBI—This confidential report and its contents are loaned to you by the FBI and are not to be distributed outside of agency to which loaned.

U S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE 16—60637-1

NY 100-90640

Confidential Informant T-2, of known reliability, advised that I. F. STONE received the following correspondence at his home, 1133 Park Avenue, during October and November 1951:

Date	Sender	Post Office
October 27, 1951	Office of High Commissioner for Germany	Frankfurt, Germany
October 29, 1951	C. M. S. < DAUGHTE Davis House	Northampton, b7Css.
October 29, 1951	Hamilton National Bank 619 14th St., N.W.	Washington, D. C.
October 31, 1951	American Associa- tion for the United Nations 45 East 65th Street	New York, N. Y.
October 31, 1951	The New York City Anti-Crime Com- mission 270 Park Avenue	New York, N. Y.
October 31, 1951	"The Nation" 20 Vesey Street	New York, N. Y.
November 1, 1951	D. G. C. American Embassy	Havana, Cuba
November 15, 1951	FRANK J. KORNACKER 53 West Jackson Boulevard	Chicago 4, Illinois
November 27, 1951	J. PEARLMAN 3 Nash Court	Stamford, Connecticut

Copies continued; 2 - Chicago

2 - New Haven 2 - Philadelphia 2 - Washington Field (100-22286)

CONTIDENTIAL

NY 100-90640

November 30, 1951

November 30, 1951

November 30, 1951

November 30, 1951

Sender

M. RAITMINN

5854 Pine Street

New York, N. Y.

250 West 57th St.

<u> Israel Speaks</u>

This is a semimonthly publication of Israel Speaks, Inc., formerly known as Americans for Haganah, Inc. The latter organization, Americans for Haganah, Inc., was disbanded and in February 1949 the present organization, known as Israel Speaks, Inc., was incorporated.

Confidential Informant T-3, of known reliability, advised that the officers of Israel Speaks, Inc. were as follows:

President
Vice President
Secretary
Executive Director
Treasurer

ABRAHAM FEINBERG
MAX SWIREN
NAHUM A. EERNSTEIN
DAVID WAHL
LEON MOHILL

b7D

The Americans for Haganah, Inc. was described as the information center in the United States devoted to rallying public opinion behind the authoritative resistance movement in Palestine. Haganah was the Jewish Army founded to defend Palestine before Palestine became a state. Haganah was disbanded when Israel became a Jewish state.

	Cor	<u>fidential</u>	Informant	T-5.	of	known	reliability.
advised	that		7				



b6

b7C

Physical Surveillances

On October 29, 1951. a physical surveillance was instituted by SA's and at subject's residence, 1133 Park Avenue. At approximately 1 p.m. on this date, STONE emerged from 1133 Park Avenue and walked to the Third Avenue elevated, where he took a downtown train to the City Hall station, from which he walked to his office at the "Daily Compass", 164 Duane Street. At approximately 5:30 p.m., STONE emerged from the offices of the "Daily Compass" and took the Third Avenue "El" back to his residence at 1133 Park Avenue, arriving at approximately 6:10 p.m. Subject was not seen, and at approximately 8 p.m. the surveillance was discontinued.

On October 30, 1951, the same agents as noted above observed STONE leave his residence at approximately 12:05 p.m. This time STONE boarded a downtown bus at the corner of Madison Avenue and 90th Street and got off the bus at 70th Street and Madison Avenue. He walked to 11 East 70th Street and entered the building which houses the Consulate General of Israel at approximately 12:17 p.m. At 1:11 p.m. STONE emerged from 11 East 70th Street and walked to Madison Avenue and 69th Street, where he met two men.

Number 1 was described as 50 to 55 years of age, five feet, eight inches, 155 to 160 lbs., dark kinky hair, moustache, dark complexion, wearing brown suit and no hat.

The second male was described as 55 to 60 years of age, five feet, five inches, 150 lbs., stocky build, dark hair (graying), wearing dark gray coat and dark hat.

STONE and these two men walked south on Madison Avenue and met a third man and two women. STONE and these five people entered the Nancy Lord Re taurant near the southeast corner of 65th Street and Madison Avenue at approximately 1:30 p.m. At 2:20 p.m., STONE and these five individuals emerged from the restaurant and Man No. 1 and STONE separated from the others.

Unidentified Man No. 3 was described as 30 years of age, six feet tall, 180 lbs., short blond hair, light complexion, horn-rimmed glasses, gray jacket, dark pants, no hat, no coat.

Company of Control of

Unidentified Woman No. 1 was described as 20 to 25 years of age, five feet, nine inches tall, 120 to 125 lbs., slender build, straight brown hair cut in a bob, dark complexion.

Unidentified Woman No. 2 was described as 55 to 60 years of age, five feet, four inches tall, 135 lbs., stocky build, rugged features, tan complexion, well-dressed.

At approximately 2:25 p.m., STONE and Unidentified Man No. 1 entered 18 East 66th Street, address of the Economic Department of the Jewish Agency for Palestine. At 2:55 p.m., STONE emerged from 18 East 66th Street and proceeded by taxicab to the "Daily Compass" building. At 4:20 p.m., STONE left the "Compass" building, walked to the Automat Restaurant at the corner of Chambers Street and West Broadway. At 4:35 p.m., he left the Automat Restaurant and returned to the "Compass" building. At 6:10 p.m., STONE emerged from the "Compass" building, walked to the Third Avenue "El" and proceeded home.

A photograph of DAVID R. WAHL was exhibited to the surveilling agents in an effort to determine if DAVID WAHL was identical with Unidentified Man No. 1, whose physical description fits somewhat that of WAHL: However, the surveilling agents could not state that the photograph of WAHL was identical with Unidentified Man No. 1.

On October 31, 1951, the same agents noted STONE come out of his residence at 1133 Park Avenue at approximately 1:15 p.m. He took the Lexington Avenue express at 86th Street and Lexington Avenue to the Fulton Street stop, and then boarding a Broadway bus, proceeded to Pearl Street, where he alighted and walked to the "Compass" building. At approximately 5:45 p.m., STONE left the "Compass" building and took the Lexington Avenue subway to his home. At 7:30 p.m., the surveillance outside 1133 Park Avenue was discontinued for security reasons.

On November 7, 1951, Shis and the writer instituted a physical surveillance at the "Daily Compass" building, 164 Duane Street. STONE emerged from the building at approximately 5:50 p.m., proceeded to the Chambers Street stop on the IRT subway and transferred at 42nd Street to the shuttle train to Grand Central Station.

b6 b7C

TOONFIBENTIAL

Here he boarded an uptown Lexington Avenue train and went home. At approximately 7:40 p.m., STONE was observed leaving 1133 Park Avenue, and after walking a few blocks, took a taxi to Broadway and 52nd Street, where he entered the WMCA building at 1657 Broadway at 7:55 p.m. 4t 8:50 p.m., STONE left 1657 Broadway and proceeded on foot via Broadway to the R. Gordon and Company (bookshop) at 32 East 59th Street, where he purchased a newspaper. At 9:04 p. m., he entered the Argosy Bookshop at 114 East 59th Street. At 9:40 p.m., he left the Argosy Bookshop and walked to Lexington Avenue and 59th Street, where he took an uptown bus to his home, entering 1133 Park Avenue at 9:46 p.m.

Survoilling agents noted a light on in the Nola Studios, which is located in the WMCA building at 1657 Broadway, at the time that STONE entered this building, 7:55 p.m. on November 7, 1951. Consequently, Confidential Informant T-6, of known reliability, who is in a position to advise as to anyone using the Nola Studios, was contacted, but he advised that no meeting of any kind was held in the Nola Studios at 1657 Broadway, New York City, on the evening of November 7, 1951. Therefore, it would appear that STONE's business at this address on this date was in some other part of the WMCA building.

On November 8, 1951, SA's PAUL J. BLASCO, WALTER A. WANGENHEIM and the writer were on duty at the "Compass" building from 3 p.m. until 6:30 p.m. without seeing the subject. The same agents were on duty from 7 p.m. until 11 p.m. in the vicinity of 1133 Park Avenue without seeing the subject.

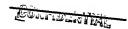
On November 9, 1951, SA's WALTER A. WANGENHEIM, and the writer observed STONE leave the "Compass" building at 4:15 p.m. and enter a restaurant on the corner of Reade Street and Hudson Street, New York City, which is one block from the "Compass" building. At 4:30 p.m., subject left this restaurant and walked to the park across from the "Compass" building. Shortly thereafter he re-entered the "Compass" building. At 5:10 p.m. on this date, he emerged from the "Compass" building and followed the IRT Lexington Avenue line subway to his home, entering at 5:10 p.m. At 9:30 p.m., the surveillance was discontinued and the subject had not been seen leaving his home.

CONFIDENTIAL

b6

b7C

STONE by marriage.



b6 b7C

Confidential Informant T-7, of known reliability, advised that ARNOLD JOHNSON, Organizer for the Civil Rights Congress, and the subject discussed a CRC meeting to be held on Friday afternoon, November 16, 1951, to discuss the Smith Act. As informant rocalls, STONE refused to attend, stating that he had too much work to do and adding that he did not want to correlate his work with the Civil Rights Congress. STONE advised the informant that while he supports most of the Civil Rights Congress ideas, he and the Civil Rights Congress do not always see eye to eye on every issue.

It will be recalled that the subject's daughter.

listed a mailing address as

New York City, in June 1951. Investigation at this address indicates that among people residing there is LEONARD B.

BOUDIN. It is noted that LEONARD BOUDIN of New York City, an attorney, represented JUDITH COPLON, convicted Soviet espionage agent, during her trial in New York City; and is related to

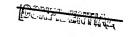
Confidential Informant T-8, of known reliability, advised that on August 13, 1951, the subject was in receipt of a communication from 40 West 44th Street, New York City. Investigation in this vicinity indicates that there is no such number as 40 West 44th Street, but 42 West 44th Street is the Association of the Bar of the City of New York, and is a large office building that may also use the number, 40 West 44th Street.

Confidential Informant T-9, of known reliability, advised that I. F. STONE was to speak before the Monthly Review Associates on November 27, 1951, on the topic, "The Socialist Approach to Peace and Civil Liberties".

Confidential Informant T-10, of known reliability, furnished a four-page flyer in April 1949, which announced that a new magazine entitled, "Monthly Review", was being published in May 1949. This flyer indicated that "Monthly Review" classified itself as "an independent socialist magazine". The editors are LEO HUBERMAN and PAUL M. SWEEZY.

As of June 7, 1949, Confidential Informant T-11, another government agency that conducts intelligence investigations, advised that "a study of the articles contained (in the "Monthly Review") and a background check of the editors

ADULLIDED ED BOLD OF



"and contributors reveals that this magazine is Communist inspired and follows the approved Communist Party line."
T-11 advised that LEO HUBERMAN was a sponsor of the Committee for a Democratic Far Eastern Policy and an endorser of the conference called by the Civil Rights Congress for "Civil Rights and in Defense of the 12 Communist Leaders".

It will be noted that both the Civil Rights Congress and the Committee for a Democratic Far Eastern Policy are organizations declared by the Attorney General to fall within the purview of Executive Order 9835.

On April 25, 1951, Confidential Informant T-12, of known reliability, made available a communication received from the Monthly Review Associates, 66 Barrow Street, New York City. This letter is dated April 9, 1951, and was signed by HENRY PRATT FAIRFIELD, Chairman of the Monthly Review Associates. In this letter it was announced that a group of "Monthly Review" subscribers formed the organization, Monthly Review Associates, in January 1951. The letter reflects the purposes of the organization to be twofold: To provide the readers of the magazine the opportunity to discuss and support the ideas expressed in the publication and to help support the magazine thereby. In connection with the first purpose, the letter reflects that lectures, forums and informal discussions would be sponsored. The letter also reflects that ALSINE AUSTIN was Treasumer of the organization.

An undated Personal History Statement in the files of the Office of Price Administration reflects that one MARCUS VOSK-listed as a reference I. F. STONE, a writer. The OPA personnel file maintained in the National Archives at Washington, D. C., indicates that MARCUS VOSK entered on duty with OPA January 16, 1942. Also, it indicates that VOSK was born September 27, 1907, in Russia. His father and mother were also born in Russia, and he became a citizen through his father's naturalization in June 1924. He was previously employed by Amtorg Trading Corporation, New York City, from October 1929 to August 1933 and again from September 1934 to 1939 as S. SELDAKOV and a Mr. SHIPMAN. VOSK was described as born 1907, height - five feet, six inches, weight - 150 lbs., eyes green, hair blond, complexion ruddy. He is now employed in the Research Department of the American Jewish Committee, 386 Fourth Avenue, New York City, and resides at



b6

b7C

Apartment 71-A, Rye Colony, Peck and Midlands Street, Rye, New York. This information was obtained during an interview with VOSK by Sh's and of the New York Office. It was the opinion of interviewing agents who questioned VOSK about Amtorg that while VOSK professed to be cooperative, he appeared to be withholding information and his answers to specific questions were vague and indefinite.

The "Daily Compass", November 14, 1951, indicated that I. F. STONE was to address a public meeting against the Smith Act in Washington, D. C. on November 14, 1951, at Oddfellows Hall, under the auspices of the Washington Committee to Defend the Bill of Rights. The Washington Field Office was requested to report subject's activities at this meeting.

I. F. STONE's column in the "Daily Compass" for November 11, 1951, is entitled, "Me and the Red Underground". In this column STONE refers to a weekly column in the "New York Herald Tribune" by OGDEN R. REID. STONE writes: "The 'Red Underground' column has begun to expose the fact that I have been making speeches around the country against the Smith Act. I have heard of more sensational exposes. My views on the Smith Act are hardly a secret. I have written thousands of words about the Act in the last few years. I have made 12 speeches in nine cities against the Act since returning from abroad in June.

"I have been fighting the Smith Act for a long time. The Act was passed late in 1940. The first indictment under it was returned on July 15, 1941. I attacked that indictment and the Smith Act in The Nation of July 26, 1941. That article, 'The G-String Conspiracy,' was reprinted by the defense committee. The defendants were then the Minneapolis Trotzkyites. The Communist Daily Worker was blindly partisan enough to applaud the prosecutions, as were some of the Communists now themselves on trial.

"Three of my meetings against the Smith Act have turned up in the 'Red Underground' column. The places in which these meetings were held would hardly satisfy a Hollywood director casting a film about the underground. One was in the Bellevue-Stratford Hotel, Philadelphia; the second at the Boston Conservatory of Music, and the third at Chopin Hall in Chicago.

"No attempt was made to hide the true character of these meetings. They were not advertised as violin recitals. I did not pretend to be a lecturer sent out by the National Geographic Society. I did not claim to be a card-carrying Republican. The meetings were open to the public. Except for a few jokes in Yiddish, they were carried on in the English language. It takes a rather overheated imagination to list these as 'underground' meetings.

"To put them in a column headed 'Red Underground' is to smear all those who participated; to imply that they took part in something furtive, undercover and sinister; to link them with activities the Department of Justice regards as criminal.

"The REID column in this way cast a slur on a respected member of the Philadelphia bar, WALTER LONGSTRETH, who was a fellow speaker at the Bellevue-Stratford meeting. LONGSTRETH is a Quaker who has never been counsel for radicals but feels strongly that the Smith Act is unconstitutional. He landed in the 'Red Underground' column, too.

"In a febrile search for hurtful material, the column last Sunday came up with one isolated and garbled sentence from my Chicago speech. I was represented as saying that there was more freedom in the Soviet Union than in the United States. I consider a statement of that kind wholly untrue and politically idiotic. The very fact that I can speak and write as I do rebuts the statement attributed to me."

A. SANTINI

This is probably A. Santini and Sons, Inc., a large storing and moving concern in New York City. It will be recalled that subject recently moved to 1133 Park Avenue, New York City.

FREDERICK STERN

This is probably FREDERICK STERN, Optometrist, 1284 Lexington Avenue, New York City, which is in the Yorkville Section of New York City and in the neighborhood of 1133 Park Avenue, subject's residence.



JULIUS BRAUN

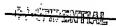
This is probably JULIUS BRAUN, Wines and Liquors, 1361 Lexington Avenue, which is located a few blocks from subject's residence.

DR. BERNARD KRONENBERG

HARRY ARTHUR LEVINE furnished the name of Dr. BERNARD KRONENBERG, 302 West 12th Street, New York City, to his Selective Service Board as the person who would always know his whereabouts. In a signed statement dated October 16, 1947, Dr. JOSEPH BENJAMIN STENBUCK identified HARRY ARTHUR LEVINE as the individual who in 1933 induced him to act as a mail drop in the ROBERT OSMAN espionage case. LEVINE was the husband of PAULINE JACOBSON LEVINE, known Soviet espionage agent in France in the 1930's, who fled to Russia.

It is not know if the Dr. BERNARD KRONENBERG who was a contact of STONE is identical with the Dr. BERNARD KRONENBERG who was a contact of LEVINE.

- PENDING -



b2 b7D b6 b7C

ADMINISTRATIVE

INFORMANTS

T-1;	Avenue, New York City, from 7 a.m. to 3 p.m., contacted by the writer.
T-2:	A mail cover maintained on subject at 1133 Park Avenue, New York City.
T-3:	
T-4:	Not used.
T-5:	as reported to SA's
T-6:	Nola Studios, 1657 Broadway, contacted by the writer.
T-7:	
T-8:	A mail cover placed on subject's former business address at 1416 F Street, N. W., Washington, D. C.
T-9:	A confidential mail box of the New York Office.
T-10:	Boston -
T-11:	G-2, Governors Island, New York.
T-12:	



ADMINISTRATIVE - continued

LE/LDS

BOSTON

At Northampton, Massachusetts

Will identify the individual, C. M. S., of the Davis House, who addressed correspondence to STONE.

CHICAGO

At Chicago, Illinois

Will identify FRANK J. KORNACKER, 53 West Jackson . Boulevard.

NEW HAVEN

At Stamford, Connecticut

Will identify J. PEARLMAN of 3 Nash Court.

PHILADELPHIA

At Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

Will identify M. RAITMINN, 5854 Pine Street.

WASHINGTON FIELD

At Washington, D. C.

Will determine through State Department records the identity of D. G. C., American Embassy, Havana, Cuba.

Will also monitor the bank account of I. F. STONE at the Hamilton National Bank to determine the sources of his income.

CONTRACTOR

ADMINISTRATIVE - continued

NEW YORK

At New York, New York

King.

Will follow and report the subject's activities and contacts through use of mail covers, physical surveillances and other informants.

REFERENCE

b6 51. b7C Ld.

Report of SA New York, 10/29/51. Report of SA FRANCIS J. DUANE, Washington Field, 11/16/51.

WASHINGTON COMMITTEE TO DEFEND THE BILL OF RIGHTS

On December 19, 1951,			pecial Agent) b2 b7E
a report dated Decembe	$r H_i$, 1951, on a	a me	eting of the subject	b6 b70
committee held on The original report w	ill be filed in	Ìvir∩	66-21,98-sub	D/C
ino orașanur roporo "	;)II	- 00-24y0 Dub 28	
Informant reported that t	en people attend	jęd '	this meeting, includi	.ng
the informant, and these ten indivi	duals are listed	d as	follows:]
				1
				<u>]</u>
Agendas	*			
	•			*
Minutes	n and con		<i>;</i>	٤.
Finances: Before Bazaar			• •	
Bazaar Expense Profit from Ba		`		•
/ · · · · ·	•	.		*
\$40 of the expenses for t Mr. I. F. STONE for speaking.	we BITT or Krau	ts m	eeting was paid to	
MI o I o I o OI OWE TOL Speaking.	•	,		•
Bazaar	ALL INFO	AMAC	tion contained	•
Control of the contro	HERE LA	為與	Parssir Bandalfa	
New Fund Raising	DATE	DY fo		7 ·
Finances: \$300 to Lawyer BUCHMAN (F	/ IAPATA) Paltimo	na		
\$100 to Lawyer BRAVERMAN			re · · · ·	
\$200 to Lawyer JOE FORER,				case.
\$50 to unnamed lawyer in	Baltimore for r	esea	rch.	• • ,
		į.		
EPB: ogw				
100-24628 cc: 100-25060 (Marie Richardson De	fores Committee	.		
100-20866 (D. C. Progressive I)		•.
100-1149 (I. W. O.)		<u>(T.</u>	F. STONE)	<u>.</u> .
101-509	100-20557			, ,
100-12577	100-18069			
100-206頃(66-2238	100-17495 100-17293			
100-17579	100-14005			, ,
100-6561	100-4281			
100-19820	100-4299			
100-19907	100-17232			. `
100-14445 - 101-439	100-3206 100-18536			
66-2498-Sub A	100-17650			,
	100-17651			
-	1 -	1		· .@?
		{	SEARCHEDINDEXED	7
	. *		JAN 4 1952	
			JAN 4 1902 FBI - WASH, F. O.	
	•	i	ipi - madhi li Vi .	_1

Dasaar: Very successful. Small amount of material remained which was given to REDECOA PEARIMAN to hold for next Basaar.

A motion was passed to send one year gift subscription to Inspiration House of National Guardian and Freedom in appreciation of the secretary standing up to the FBI.

A floor of Inspiration House is being set aside to henor MARY CHURCH TERRELL. BETAR PASKOFF said that any literature remaining unsold after the bazaar was given to Inspiration House for the MARY CHURCH TERRELL floor library.

Literature from the Bill of Rights meeting was held and some was given to LILLIAN OLOTT to distribute.

New Fund Raising :

The fund raising committee is supposed to meet and devise new schemes to raise funds. The goal is set at \$10,000. This committee consists of five persons, including HERMAN CLOTT, JOE FORER, and ROB HALL:

General Informations

A new committee was formed to combat the MARTE RICHARDSON case being brought to trial January 17, 1951, for perjury in filling out a government form 57. The theme of the defense is enfringement upon an individual's political beliefs. The temporary chairman of this committee is SALLIE PERK and temporary treasurer is CERTRUDE EVANS. The Hill of Rights Committee passed a motion to contribute \$50 to this new committee which "New York says" must be a separate committee.

ROY WOOD instituted a project for mailing leaflets and postcards to people on the Progressive Party mailing list. These are to be signed by the recipients and mailed to President TRUMAN. These cards will call for (1) no reindictment of the California Fifteen; (2) dismissal of charges on those indicted in Baltimore under the Smith Act; and (3) investigation and prosecution of Department of Justice.

On December 14, 1951, ROY WOOD is to see JOHN STONE in the National Press Building, who is going to compose the leaflet and postcard. ROY WOOD will then give the composition to GERTRUDE EVANS, who will mimeograph the leaflets and have the postcards printed at 930 F Street, N.W., (1000 of each). IRV. TEITLEBAUM is to pick up the leaflets and postcards at the superintendent's desk at 930 F Street and deliver them to ESTAR PASKOFF's home where they will be addressed by volunteers. (On December 26, 1951, informant furnished the writer a mimeographed copy of the above-mentioned leaflet which is in the form of a letter dated December 17, 1951, bearing the letterhead

"Washington Committee To Defend The Bill Of Rights" and signed by MARCUS. J.
GOLDMAN; and a copy of the postcard addressed to the President. These will
be furnished to SA to whom this case is assigned by
The next meeting of the MARIE RICHARDSON Defense Committee will
be held at the apartment of LILLIAN CLOTT on Monday night, December 17,
1951. Dr. GOLDMAN wanted ESTAR PASKOFF and friends to attend this committee
meeting; however, only ESTAR and/or HELEN GUREWITZ will attend.
The next meeting of the Washington Committee To Defend The Bill
Of Rights will be on January 3, 1952.
is in George Washington Hospital, illness unknown,
but is is believed an operation is needed.
has been before the NIRB for two weeks. He has remarried
His wife, is about 5'll", 135 lbs., blonde stringy hair, hlue eyes,
pale complexion, sloppy, poor posture, loud. She is from lower east side.

ROY WOOD was in Baltimore on December 12th for a mass meeting. The approximate attendance of this meeting was said to be 350 to 400. About \$600 was raised. I.F. STONE was a speaker.

New York City, and they have a 22 year old boy with red hair

The International Workers Order is going to give a New Year's party. The Washington Committee To Defend The Bill of Rights had planned to give one but has cancelled its plans in order to support the I.W.O. party.

Instant meeting of subject committee on December 13, 1951, was held in the office of BILL GLAZIER (of ILWU) who is an old member of the committee but has not been present at the past two meetings.

The Cedar Music Shop, operated by BIIL SHONICK, is in bad financial condition at the present time, according to HELEN SHONICK.

Informant furnished a copy of an invitation to a Christmas party and peace festival to be held by the Progressive Party of D.C. on Saturday December 15, 1951, at 9:00 p.m. at Cafeteria Hall, 1015 M. Street, N.W. Subscription will be \$1.00. The program is listed as follows:

Folk songs - JACKIE GIBSON
Carols - The Peace Chorus
A Skit - Dramatic Group

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • United States Government

TO : Director, FBI

DATE: January 23,1952

FROM : SAC; New York (100-90640)

SUBJECT: ISIDOR FEINSTEIN STONE, was.

ESPIONAGE - R

Pursuant to Bureau instructions, there are enclosed herewith amended pages 3 and 12 of the report of b6 SA dated 12/18/51 at New York, in this case. b7C

ALL INFORMATION CONTAIN

Encls. (10)

cc: Boston (Encls. 4) Chicago (Encls. 4) New Haven (Encls. 4)

Philadelphia (Encls. 4)

Washington Field (100-22286) (Encls 4)

corrected pages mented 129.5h

ERT:ws

SEARCHEDAL INDEXED
SERIAL
JAN 25 1952
MASH . O.

INVESTIGATION FEDERAL BUREAU OF

Form No. 3

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT NEW YORK

b7C FILE NO.

REPORT MADE AT: DATE WHEN MADE: PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: REPORT MADE BY: SEGRET 1/3-5,7-11,17/52 1/31/52 NEW YORK TITLE: CHARACTER OF CASE: ESPIONAGE - R SECRE ISIDOR FEINSTEIN STONE, was. Isidor Feinstein, I. F. Stone, Izzy Stone

Investigative

SUMMARY REPORT

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

silies by 9603 had try

Declassify by: DADR

STONE resides 1133 Park Ave., NYC, and is employed as a columnist with the NY "Daily Compass". Two informants identify STONE as a Communist. T-5 states subject at times agrees with CP line, while at other times he disagrees. STONE condemned con-viction of CP leaders. At CP convention in Dec., 1950, JOHN GATES, CP functionary, criticized subject. STONE in contact with numerous individuals identified as Communists. At JAFRC meeting, 4/4/49, subject stated he was a "Red". STONE has spoken at meetings of Mational Council of Arts, Sciences and Professions, Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee, and Washington Book Shop.

Massisied by 2922 Date Mount From GDS, Category Q Date of Declassification TV DE 3/1184 ₹ SECTION

DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES RECORDED AND INDEXE APPROVED AND ORWARDED: SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO: SEARCHED LA ... INDEXED .. JACKETED: DEPARTMENT OF JUSTIZE 5-Bureau (100-37078) 1-Washington Field (100-22286) (Introduce to WASH Frid 3-New York (100-90640)

SEGNET

DETAILS:

BACKGROUND

Birth Data

The passport records at the Department of State, Washington, D. C., contain a certified copy of a birth certificate issued to STONE, May 10, 1937, by the Department of Public Health, Vital Statistics Section, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. This certificate indicates that ISIDOR FEINSTEIN was born December 4, 1907, at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, the son of BARNET, a salesman, and KATIE NOVACK FEINSTEIN, a housewife.

Immigration and Naturalization Service file 976C-204656 disclosed that BARNARD FEINSTEIN filed a Petition for Naturalization on May 27, 1912, in the Wayne, Indiana Circuit Court. FEINSTEIN reported he was born on an unknown date in November, 1876, at Grannov, Russia, and had immigrated to the United States from London, England, on April 12, 1903, arriving at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. FEINSTEIN identified his wife as KATIE FEINSTEIN, a native of Russia, who, along with his son ISIDOR, was residing with him at 1101 Sheridan Street, Richmond, Indiana.

Certificate of Naturalization #204656 was issued to BARNARD FEINSTEIN on January 6, 1913 at Wayne, Indiana. Also included in this certificate was his wife, KATIE. This certificate identified FEINSTEIN'S children as ISIDOR, age five years, and MARCUS, age four months.

Change of Name

The records of the Credit Bureau at Washington, D. C., indicate that ISIDOR FEINSTEIN had his name legally changed to ISIDOR FEINSTEIN STONE in New York City on February 18, 1938.

Education

The 1950-51 edition of "Who's Who in America" disclosed that I. F. STONE was graduated from the Haddonfield High School in Haddonfield, New Jersey, in 1924, and had attended the University of Pennsylvania in Philadelphia in 1924 and also from 1925 to 1928.

SECRET-

Marital Status

	(y) > 0
The records of Confidential Informant T	-1 another
government agency, indicate that I. F. STONE marr	ied ESTHER
ROISMAN in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, on July 7,	1929
Three children have been born to this marriage an	d they are
born 1932;	b6
born 1935, and	born b7c
1937.	

SECRET

Employment

The 1950-51 edition of "Who's Who in America" disclosed that STONE had been employed as a reporter for the "Haddonfield Public Press", the "Camden Courier Post", the "Philadelphia Inquirer", 1922--1931; editorial writer, "Philadelphia Record", 1931--1933; the "New York Post", 1933--1939; assistant editor, "The Nation", 1938--1940; Washington editor of "The Nation," 1940--1946; Washington editor, "PM", October, 1941; Washington editor, "PM", 1946; columnist, "New York Star", 1948.

Investigation has indicated that I. F. STONE is now a columnist for the New York "Daily Compass" in New York City.

Residences

From September, 1940 until October, 1950, I. F. STONE and his wife and children resided at 5618 Nebraska Avenue, N.W., Washington, D. C. Prior to 1940 he resided at 6836 Kessell Street, Forest Hills, Long Island, New York. Since August, 1951, STONE has resided at 1133 Park Avenue, New York City. The STONES have a summer residence at Ocean Beach, Fire Island, New York.

Status of Health

On January 7, 1944, T. F. STONE was examined for service in the United States Armed Forces and was rejected as physically unfit by the Armed Forces for defective vision and probable bronchial asthma.

COMMUNIST PARTY CONNECTIONS

Confidential Informant T-2, of known reliability, a former Communist, advised that he has been acquainted with I. F. STONE for the past 15 or 20 years. When this informant first met STONE the latter was employed on the "Philadelphia Record". This informant advised that subsequently, STONE was employed by the "New York Post" and is now employed with the "Daily Compass". The informant said that STONE was not a member of the Communist Party when he first met him but during the mid 1930's STONE did become a member of the Communist Party. The informant stated that he received information substantiating STONE'S membership in the Communist Party not only from Communist Party functionaries such as ISRAEL AMTER and JACK STACHEL, but also from STONE'S brother, MARCUS. The informant also advised that STONE assisted the Communist Party by aiding in the preparation of attacks on enemies of the Communist Party.

Confidential Informant T-3, of known reliability, a former Communist Party member, advised that while he was an active member of the Communist Party, he had been associated with numerous "Communist front" organizations. He recalled that while in the Communist Party he attended many of the functions of the "Communist front" groups and he had met and observed I. F. STONE in attendance at some of these meetings. He stated, therefore, that he considered I. F. STONE to be a Communist because only members of the Communist Party were permitted to attend some of these meetings.

The same informant said that although he considered STONE to be a Communist he observed that on occasions STONE has deviated from the Communist Party line and, as a result, had been criticized in the "Daily Worker" by foreign editor JOSEPH STAROBIN. This indicated to the informant that although STONE was a Communist, he was not under the complete control and domination of the Communist Party, but in view of his established eminence as a writer the Communist Party tolerated these infrequent deviations. STONE impressed this informant as being completely pro-Soviet and a staunch supporter of Russia.

-CORET

Confidential Informant T-4, of known reliability, a former member of the Communist Party, advised that during the mid 1930's, while he was active in a "Communist front" group, he associated with and solicited I. F. STONE for favorable editorial comment. The informant pointed out that at that time STONE was employed as an editorial writer for the "New York Evening Post" and was able to assist "Communist front" groups by reporting on their activities in a favorable light.

Confidential Informant T-5, of known reliability, advised that he knew I. F. STONE who was a columnist for "PM" and also for the "Daily Compass". This informant stated that at times STONE agrees with the Communist Party line and that other times he disagrees. Informant said that STONE has been criticized by the Communist Party press for these deviations from the Communist Party line.

Confidential Informant T-6, of known reliability, furnished information on October 26, 1950, indicating that I. F. STONE was among those who condemned the verdict and demanded bail for the eleven convicted leaders of the Communist Party.

Confidential Informant T-7, of known reliability, advised that during the 15th National Convention of the Communist Party held in New York City, December 28-31, 1950, JOHN GATES, the editor of the "Daily Worker", an East Coast Communist newspaper, read a report on Party vigilance, during which he said, "A struggle must be conducted against such miserable instances as that of I. F. STONE, columnist for the 'New York Compass', who discovered Utopia in Tito's Yugoslavia. He found freedom there he says contrary to that of the Soviet Union."

Confidential Informant T-8, of known reliability, advised on July 13, 1951 that bail for DASHIELL HAMMETT was being posted by T. F. STONE.

DASHIELL HAMMETT, along with FREDERICK VANDERBILT FIELD, was held in contempt of court for refusal to reveal identities of those people who contributed to the bail fund of the Civil Rights Congress. HAMMETT was a trustee of the Civil Rights Congress.

SECRET,

NY 100-90640

The Civil Rights Congress is an organization declared by the Attorney General to be within the purview of Executive Order 9835.

Confidential Informant T-9, of known reliability, advised that during the late 1940's, I. F. STONE was frequently in contact with DAVID WAHL, the former Washington, D. C. representative of the American-Jewish Conference,

Confidential Informant T-3 has identified WAHL as being a member of the Communist Party underground movement which operated in Washington, D. C., during the early 1940's.

Confidential Informant T-10, of known reliability, advised that during the late 1940's, I. F. STONE was well acquainted with DICK SASULY, who was then employed as a Washington representative for the Federated Press.

Confidential Informant T-11, of known reliability, advised in August, 1950, that during the late 1940's he considered DICK SASULY to be a member of the Communist Party and he based this evaluation on personal conversations he had with SASULY during 1948.

Confidential Informant T-10 advised that in 1946 STONE was personally acquainted with DUNCAN LEE and with CHARLES KRAMER. This informant stated that KRAMER was sufficiently well acquainted with STONE to be invited by STONE to a hide-away that was then being used by STONE in Washington, D. C., while he was working on his book "Underground in Palestine"

ELIZABETH BENTLEY, former Soviet Agent, in testimony before the House Committee on Un-American Activities during the summer of 1948, identified two Communist espionage groups composed of government employees and officials in Washington, D. C. Among the members of these groups, Miss BENTLEY identified DUNCAN LEE, former employee of OSS, and CHARLES KRAMER, former employee of the National Relations Board, OPA.

Confidential Informant T-8 advised on July 31, 1951, that I. F. STONE had a tentative dinner date on that evening with SI GERSON, Chairman of the Legislative Bureau, New York State Communist Party, and MARION BACHRACH, Public

证的证

Relations Director, Communist Party, USA. The informant later advised that MARC. STONE, brother of subject, and ELIZABETH GURLEY FLYNN of the National Committee of the Communist Party, USA, might join this dinner group.

Confidential Informant T-12, of known reliability, advised that while in Washington, D. C., I. F. STONE was well acquainted with ROB HALL, the Washington correspondent for the "Daily Worker". On one occasion in February, 1949, this informant advised that STONE was invited by HALL to attend a luncheon which would also be attended by JOSEPH STAROBIN, foreign editor of the "Daily Worker", and MALCOLM HOBBS, a Washington, D. C. reporter for the Overseas News Agency.

Confidential Informant T-13, of known reliability, who is familiar with certain of the membership of the Communist Party in the District of Columbia, advised that MALCOLM HOBBS was a member of the Communist Party in Washington, D. C.

Confidential Informant T-12 also advised in June, 1949, STEVE NELSON, former Communist Party organizer in the San Francisco, California area, testified before the House Committee on Un-American Activities. After leaving this hearing, the informant stated that NELSON arranged with MELFISKE, reporter for the "Daily Worker", to have the results of his hearing furnished to I. F. STONE.

Confidential Informant T-l4, of known reliability, advised that during 1949-50; I. F. STONE maintained a close relationship with TRAVIS HEDRICK, who was then employed by the USSR "Information Bulletin", an official publication of the Soviet Government in Washington, D. C. This informant stated that on occasions, HEDRICK supplied STONE with information and data secured through his position with this Soviet publication.

Confidential Informant T-15, of known reliability, identified TRAVIS HEDRICK as a member of the Communist Party.

Confidential Informant T-16 Hof known reliability, advised in 1949 that I. F. STONE, 5618 Nebraska Avenue, Washington, D. C., had been recently in contact with AGNES SMEDLEY, who was then residing in Palisades, New York.

Regarding AGNES SMEDLEY, Confidential Informant T-17, of known reliability, advised that from 1928 to 1933, SMEDLEY was closely associated with RICHARD SORGE, self-admitted head of a Russian espionage ring operating in China. According to the informant, members of this ring were apprehended by Japanese police in October, 1941, at which time SORGE and others gave statements to the police that AGNES SMEDLEY had been an active and important figure in the espionage activities of the ring during 1928 to 1933. AGNES SMEDLEY is now deceased.

The "Daily Worker" for August 2, 1947, page 7, column 4, under "Letters From Our Readers", reflects the following letter:

"Editor: 'Daily Worker':

"May I take my hat off in the pages of the 'Daily Worker' to JOSEPH BRODSKY? I didn't know him well but I liked him immensely. He fought a battle his whole life long on the toughest fronts in America and served justice and the working class faithfully in accordance with his lights. I should like to add my own humble salute to his gallantry and devotion.

"I. F. STONE"

The "Daily Worker" for July 31, 1947, page 5, column 1, indicates that JOSEPH BRODSKY was a charter member of the Communist Party.

ALLAN MAX, Managing Editor of the "Daily Worker", wrote an article in the July 21, 1950 issue, page 7, column 1, in which he attacks T. F. STONE of the New York "Daily Compass" for pretending to be "in the middle" when he actually is siding with the United States on the Korean war situation.

The July 9, 1951 issue of the "Daily Worker" carried an article captioned "STONE Defends FIELD'S Silence on Bail Lenders". According to this article, STONE wrote that FREDERICK V. FIELD had a "moral obligation not to disclose the names of the many good people who supplied the bail funds of the Civil Rights Congress. The government



"wants the names for no good purpose. It wants the names as part of its campaign to terrorize the Left and to make it more and more difficult for accused Leftists to enjoy the rights granted other accused persons. It wants to do by terroristic means what it is ashemed to do by legalistic means."

Speeches

JAFRC-

Confidential Informant T-18, of known reliability, furnished a letter on the stationery of the Communist Party of New York State dated March 4, 1949. This letter was addressed to all branches and was signed by the Chairman, ROBERT THOMPSON. It stated:

Spain and for you... With the April session of the U.N. General Assembly scheduled to open in New York and with the State Department and its allies determined to bring Franco into the U.N., it is necessary for the people of New York especially to rally against such a move. The Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee, as part of its campaign, has called a meeting in Manhattan Center for April 4th. Among the speakers will be I. F. STONE. It is extremely important that this meeting be a success. Therefore, I urge your complete support and active participation for the rally.

"Comradely yours, BOB THOMPSON, Chairman"

Confidential Informant T-19, of known reliability, advised of the "Caucus For Peace" meeting, which was sponsored by the Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee and held at Manhattan Center, New York City, April 4, 1949. According to this informant, I. F. STONE was one of the speakers and he spoke as follows:

Tam a G-- d--- Red. I think it is a duty to help all left organizations held subversive by Attorney General CLARK.

"Nothing is as subversive as the conduct of Attorney General CLARK. If we don't help left organizations all of us are heading for a great deal of trouble. We are not scared to thumb our noses (at CLARK and the government)."

Informant continued that in referring to the preamble to the Atlantic Pact, STONE said, "It ought not to be thrown around by a lot of d--- politicians." He further said that the Atlantic Pact means, "In a year or so if there is an internal revolt, Franco can get arms. If they arm Franco they are also arming the forces that are the enemies of democracy and freedom right here in the United States. There's a tough time coming--a test for all of us. You've got to be ready to stand up to this kind of test. In my opinion it is as central a fight today as it was back in 1936."

According to this informant, STONE said that he was glad to see everyone in the hall in spite of "press terror" He said, "Thumb your noses at the b----- every time you come to this type of meeting." STONE said he was pro-Socialism, pro-Communist, and for democracy and peace.

Confidential Informant T-20, of known reliability, advised that he attended a freedom rally sponsored by the Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee at Manhattan Center, New York City, on April 12, 1950. According to the informant, I. F. STONE was among the speakers at this rally. The informant said that I. F. STONE came in with a midget carrying a big red card. STONE said he was one of the card-carrying Communists he had picked up in the State Department. STONE greeted the audience as fellow Communists and FBI Agents. STONE said that Washington needed more "Reds" and referred to Washington as "the city I have the misfortune to live in." He said that people bring in revolutions and the Reds now under attack are part of the American machine called government. He said that "We owe those Reds a great deal of gratitude."

Confidential Informant T-21, of known reliability, advised that he attended this rally at Manhattan Center in New York City on April 12, 1950, which was sponsored by the JAFRC. He reported that one of the speakers was I. F. STONE.

According to this informant, during his speech STONE said "Socialism will triumph" and he ended his speech by saying that the sentenced men are not going to prison because of what they are or represent but because all of them are fighting for liberty.

Confidential Informant T-22, of known reliability, also attended the rally at Manhattan Center on April 12, 1950, which was sponsored by the JAFRO. This informant stated that T. F. STONE of the "New York Compass" was among the speakers. He stated that STONE came on stage accompanied by a midget carrying a large red card. He said, "This is a Red in the State Department."

Informant also declared that STONE stated, "One is not proud to live in Washington these days" and "Those called Reds in Washington today are those who make democracy live... I believe in the coming of Socialism... Socialism is coming and the fight for peace is a part of it..." He further declared that "The 25 are going to jail for the freedom of America... So all of us must fight for their freedom. In conclusion I just want to say: In face of a fire, walk don't run. Stand firm. Fight."

The Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee is an organization declared by the Attorney General to be within the purview of Executive Order 9835.

NCASP

Confidential Informant T-20 advised that he attended an "open forum on Korea" sponsored by the Wational Council of the Arts, Sciences and Professions on August 3, 1950. Among the speakers was I. F. STONE. According to the informant, the subject stated as follows:

"I am sorry but I must say the North Koreans attack the South Koreans. I am sorry to say that the South Koreans had to defend themselves from aggression. No one can honestly believe it was a provocation and aggression by South Korea. I cannot believe the attack of the North Koreans was not made without the clearance of the USSR. The fight for peace cannot be made with Cominform tripe, you cannot feed that to the United States people, you won't get anywhere. You cannot

ASSES!

"have peace by taking only one side and cheer for our side. I don't believe the unification of Korea would have prevented This war is not a Korean affair. It is an affair between the United States and the USSR. The USSR is not better than the United States capitalists, both governments want the markets of the world. God help any country occupied by the Russians or the Americans. The world should take the problems from the United States and USSR hands and turn it over to the Asiatics. Both the United States and the USSR want to put across their way of life in other countries. There is hypocrisy on both sides. They should let things to the Asiatics and get the hell out of there. The USSR has violated the UN as much as the United States, don't kid yourself Had the United States written off Korea the USSR would have taken it. The United States cannot police the whole world. United States boys dying in Korea is a d--- shame. The Pentagon is a shameful bunch of dumb people. Our generation has been taught to hate the Russians. We are fortunate we don't have a Russian Napoleon. It is all right I guess to think everything Russia and the United States stands for is all right, maybe it is necessary to have people like this, but people like me are also necessary. We might be pushed out of Korea and we'll have a tough fight to get back. Guerrillas are hard to fight and the Chinese Communists might help them. can deny the greatest dirty bunch of bums are the Chinese Comintern Government. No one in Washington has guts to stand up and fight, all they think of is their coming elections.

Confidential Informant T-22 attended the above meeting on August 3, 1950. This informant reported that STONE insisted that the Korean war was started by North Korea and not by South Korea. Informant said that STONE stated that the Soviet Union equipped the North Korean Communist forces and that the Soviet Union is behind the North Koreans in this war. STONE then attacked the Soviet Union for trying to impose its will on small countries and he also attacked the United States for its stupid cold war policy against the Soviet Union. He stated that both countries were equally guilty for the present state of affairs. He said that he did not care which side a person was on so long as he was working for the prevention of an atomic war.

On February 13, 1950, the National Council of the Arts, Sciences and Professions sponsored a "rally against the H bomb" at Carnegie Hall, New York City. The rally was

W U SECRET attended by Confidential Informants T-20 and T-21, as well One of the as SAS and speakers at this rally was I. F. STONE, who was introduced as a reporter for the "Daily Compass". STONE opened his speech with greetings to the FBI Agents present and said that perhaps he should address the audience as "FBI Agents and fellow subversives".

STONE said that it appeared to him that the more weapons we produce in the United States the more frightened we become. He then went on with a discussion of Socialism and noted that no country in the world has escaped it. said that Socialism is inescapable in the United States and that it is just a matter of time. He noted that in the United States everyone is against Socialism and yet everyone wants what can be only attained through Socialism. that revolutions do not come by force and said that they cannot be stopped by force. As an example of this he mentioned the war in China and noted that after years of trying to suppress Socialism by force, the Nationalist regime was nevertheless defeated.

Confidential Informant T-23, of known reliability, advised that a reception was held by the Philadelphia Council of the National Council of the Arts, Sciences and Professions on January 20, 1950. According to the informant, the reception was in honor of LOUIS F. MG CABE, who was one of the attorneys for the Communist Party leaders in New York City

Informant stated that I. F. STONE of the "New York Compass" was among the speakers at the reception. STONE said that the Communist leaders in New York were found guilty of nothing but thinking. Their thoughts, according to STONE, were thoughts regarding only a different political He said that no evidence was presented at the viewpoint. trial showing that the Communist leaders or their counsel did anything to indicate they advocated the overthrow of the United States Government. He said that nowadays in America it is a crime to even think. He continued by saying that the question most important in America today is whether a lawyer can represent a client if the client is accused of being a "Red" or a sympathizer or is accused of belonging to an organization that is thought to be sympathetic to the "Reds". STONE said that this reception was held to honor a

b7C

man who represented men, who had the courage to think, and yet this representative (MC CABE) was thrown in jail for so doing. According to STONE, the Communist leaders in New York were convicted because of their thoughts and yet only one Congressman in Washington had the courage to speak out for these men and against "J. EDGAR HOOVER and his wiretapping".

The July 25, 1951 issue of the "Daily Worker" carried an article entitled "Free Speech Rally Tonight to Hear the Witness". This meeting was to be held at Carnegie Hall, July 25, 1951, and was sponsored by the NCASP. It was further mentioned that I. F. STONE, columnist of the "Daily Compass", would be among the speakers.

The July 27, 1951 issue of the "Daily Worker" contained an article entitled "They Were There to Open up a New Front for Liberty" by the "Daily Worker" columnist JOHN F. NORMAN. In this article NORMAN refers to the rally at Carnegie Hall on July 25, 1951. He quotes STONE as telling this rally that "We are here to fight Fascism. That is what the Smith Act means for America, and we are here to smash it before it smashes America."

STONE was also reported to have told his audience "of America's tradition of 'eminent unrespectability'. You can mark this down-people like ELIZABETH GURLEY FLYNN and SI GERSON and ALEXANDER TRACHTENBERG are going to look a lot more respectable to this country ten years from now. It took a second front to beat Hitler and tonight we are opening up the second front that will beat Fascism here in our own land."

Confidential Informant T-22, by report dated August 2, 1951, advised that a meeting of the NCASP was held on July 25, 1951 at Carnegie Hall, New York City. This informant advised I. F. STONE, columnist of the "New York Compass", was present and spoke. Informant declared STONE said as follows:

"We are opening tonight a second front in the fight against the Smith Act. We are here to fight Fascism. This is what the Smith Act means for America and we are here to smash it before it smashes America." He stated

that the government is fighting against freeing the 17 communists on bail "because it is a phony case and the government knows it." He underlined that "Every democratic country in the world has a Communist Party and if we are a democracy, why shouldn't we have one. The Communists are fighting against the Smith Act because they want to save their party. The rest of us are fighting to save America."

Confidential Informant I-20 also submitted a report on this National Council of the Arts, Sciences and Professions meeting of July 25, 1951, and he advised that during the speech of I. F. STONE, the latter stated, "You three thousand here makes one feel we are not alone, we are here to thumb our noses at the law... I am a Socialist but respect the rights of others to speak."

The National Council of the Arts, Sciences and Professions was cited as a Communist front by the Congressional Committee on Un-American Activities, review of the Scientific and Cultural Conference for World Peace, arranged by the NCASP and held in New York City on March 25-27, 1949, House report #1954, April 26, 1950.

Washington Book Shop

Confidential Informant T-25, of known reliability, advised that STONE addressed a group at the Inspiration House in Washington, D. C., on November 8, 1949, which meeting was under the auspices of the Washington Book Shop. STONE'S topic at this meeting was "The Meaning of the Communist Trial". He began his talk by contrasting the Roosevelt and Truman Administrations. He stated that he could see what happened to the civil rights of the people since the death of Roosevelt and the taking over of that b---- in the White House. STONE stated that the civil rights of the persons present were being taken away and the trial of the eleven top Communists in New York was all proof of that.

STONE praised such groups as the Washington Book Shop, saying that they could spread the real truth. He added, "I joined the Washington Book Shop tonight and have my card here to show for it."

The Washington Book Shop has been declared by the Attorney General to be within the purview of Executive Order 9835.

The Kutcher Civil Rights Committee

Regarding the above committee, the August 30, 1948 issue of "The Militant", weekly publication of the Socialist Workers Party, announced that a national campaign was being launched in defense of JAMES KUTCHER who, it stated, was a legless war veteran threatened with dismissal from his position with the Veterans Administration because of his membership in the Socialist Workers Party.

on December 15, 1949, SAS WILLIAM F. HARTMAN and attended a rally sponsored by the Kutcher Civil Rights Committee at the Capitol Hotel in New York City. At this time, T. F. STONE, a member of the National Committee of the Kutcher Civil Rights Committee, was a speaker. He censored the present administration, the FBI, and the loyalty program, and called for an organized and united front to support KUTCHER until he was reinstated in his Veterans Administration job and until Executive Order 9835 of the Attorney General was declared unconstitutional.

The Socialist Workers Party is an organization declared by the Attorney General to be within the purview of Executive Order 9835.

NCASF

"The Worker" dated May 22, 1949, section 1, page 13, column 1, advertised a testimonial dinner to the Reverend WILLIAM HOWARD MELISH on May 25, 1949, to be held under the auspices of the National Council of American-Soviet Friendship. Among the speakers listed was I. F. STOWE.

The National Council of American-Soviet Friendship has been declared by the Attorney General as coming within the purview of Executive Order 9835.

Confidential Informant T-2 identified Reverend WILLIAM HOWARD MELISH as a concealed member of the Communist Party prior to 1945.

Confidential Informant T-25 advised that he attended a meeting of the Progressive Party, which was held at 525 New Jersey Avenue, N. W., Washington, D. C., on May 25, 1950. I. F. STONE was a speaker. According to the informant, his topic was "The Wave of Scares".

STONE made the statement that in this cold war "we're running out of Reds." He said in a sarcastic tone that they would have to "import some more Reds as Republicans as we are running out of them and we'll have nothing to attack."

STONE then asked his audience, "What's the matter with the Russians? They are not Christians, they got rid of the rottenest religion in the world." He said that in England they say they have God on their side. STONE was reported by this informant to have stated, "Well we have Tibet."

He said that Russia has been trying since 1917 to be friendly with this country. He added that "Like people you treat them mean and you get back what you give. If the Russians are mean they have a right to be mean the way we treat them. We had better keep our own doorstep clean. When I hear the Star Spangled Banner I think hell, it's the land of the scared, not the free."

of the Philadelphia Office were present at the Colonial Room, Bellevue-Stratford Hotel, Philadelphia, and heard a speech by I. F. STONE, correspondent for the "Compass". STONE spoke on the Smith Act explaining that there are a number of laws on the statute books which the United States may use to prosecute subversive individuals. He pointed out that the national Communist leaders were prosecuted under the Conspiracy part of the statute and not under any part which alleges an overt act. He commented that in order for the United States to have a desirable society it was necessary to have people with radical ideas in order that a "middle-of-the-road policy", advantageous to all people be developed.

STONE stated that by prosecuting Communists the Justice Department is attempting to suppress those ideas which are for the making of a better country and that if such ideas are persecuted, this country will be in a worse position than ever before. According to STONE, the Justice

SECHET

Department is trying to make it appear that the Communists were getting fair trials when actually they were not. He cited the excessive bail bond required of Communists which is impossible for them to meet as an attempt to prevent the Communists from preparing a defense to the charges. STONE urged those present to contact many people in an attempt to stop these "cooked-up charges", stating that the indications of people's resentment to trials of the Communist leaders was only beginning to display itself and in time it would become stronger and more obvious.

Writings

In an article in the May 22, 1949 issue of the "Daily Compass", I. F. STONE defended GERHARD EISLER and stated that the Supreme Court could yet save America's honor by reversing EISLER'S conviction.

Regarding GERHARD EISLER, Confidential Informant T-2 had advised that EISLER was the number one Communist in the United States. EISLER was convicted of charges of exit permit, fraud, and contempt of Congress in the District of Columbia in 1947, and fled the United States on May 5, 1949.

In the "Daily Compass" for July 1, 1949, I. F. STONE criticizes the Communists, writing that "The Communists are as hysterical about Trotskyites as Red baiters are about Communists."

In the June 22, 1951 issue of the "Daily Compass", STONE, writing under a dateline of June 21st at Washington, D. C., stated, "Among those in the latest Communist arrests are people I know, like, and respect. The spectacle of 70-year old, ailing, ISRAEL AMTER being hailed into court, and of that grand old-timer, ELIZABETH GURLEY FLYNN, being taken off in a patrol wagon as menaces to the republic is so disgusting that I find it difficult to write."

I. F. STONE'S column in the "Daily Compass" for Novemb er 11, 1951 is entitled "Me and the Red Underground".

SECRET

In this column, STONE refers to a weekly column in the "New York Herald Tribune" by OGDEN R. REID. STONE writes: "The 'Red Underground' column has begun to expose the fact that I have been making speeches around the country against the Smith Act. I have heard of more sensational exposes. My views on the Smith Act are hardly a secret. I have written thousands of words about the Act in the last few years. I have made 12 speeches in hine cities against the Act since returning from abroad in June.

"I have been fighting the Smith Act for a long time. The Act was passed late in 1940. The first indictment under it was returned on July 15, 1941. I attacked that indictment and the Smith Act in 'The Nation' of July 26, 1941. That article, 'The G-String Conspiracy', was reprinted by the defense committee. The defendants were then the Minneapolis Trotskyites. The Communist Daily Worker was blindly partisan enough to applaud the prosecutions, as were some of the Communists now themselves on trial.

"Three of my meetings against the Smith Act have turned up in the 'Red Underground' column. The places in which these meetings were held would hardly satisfy a Hollywood director casting a film about the underground. One was in the Bellevue-Stratford Hotel, Philadelphia; the second at the Boston Conservatory of Music, and the third at Chopin Hall in Chicago.

"No attempt was made to hide the true character of these meetings. They were not advertised as violin recitals. I did not pretend to be a lecturer sent out by the National Geographic Society. I did not claim to be a card-carrying Republican. The meetings were open to the public. Except for a few jokes in Yiddish, they were carried on in the English language. It takes a rather overheated imagination to list these as 'underground' meetings.

"To put them in a column headed 'Red Underground' is to smear all those who participated; to imply that they took part in something furtive, undercover and sinister; to link them with activities the Department of Justice regards as criminal.

SECRET

THURET.

"The REID column in this way cast a slur on a respected member of the Philadelphia bar, WALTER LONGSTRETH, who was a fellow speaker at the Bellevue-Stratford meeting. LONGSTRETH is a Quaker who has never been counsel for radicals but feels strongly that the Smith Act is unconstitutional. He landed in the 'Red Underground' column, too.

"In a febrile search for hurtful material, the column last Sunday came up with one isolated and garbled sentence from my Chicago speech. I was represented as saying that there was more freedom in the Soviet Union than in the United States. I consider a statement of that kind wholly untrue and politically idiotic. The very fact that I can speak and write-as I do rebuts the statement attributed to me."

Confidential Informant T-26, of known reliability, advised in December, 1949 that the editorial staff of the "Daily Compass" is composed in the majority of Communists and Communist sympathizers. This informant described I. F. STONE as pro-Soviet and, in the opinion of this informant, a Communist.

Confidential Informant T-27, a government investigative agency, advised that an article appeared in the June 12, 1949 issue of the "Washington Post". This article reported that ARTHUR HOWARD FAST, in a speech delivered to 450 people in the National Press Auditorium, Washington, D. C., told his audience that the New York trial of the eleven Communist leaders was an "abomination of justice".

This article also reported that TOM BUCHANAN, Legislative Representative and Executive Secretary of the Civil Rights Congress, read a letter directed to this meeting by I. F. STONE. In this letter, STONE hailed the courage of those present to attend such a meeting when the atmosphere of the capitol "stinks with Czarist-style informers and police agents."

This article also mentioned that a spokesman stated that the Communist Party of Washington cooperated with the Washington Book Shop, the Civil Rights Congress, and other groups in sponsoring this meeting.

ASSOCIATION WITH SOVIET DIPLOMATIC PERSONNEL

SECHET

Confidential Informant T-14 advised that during 1946 and 1947, I. F. STONE maintained a close relationship with M. S. VAVILOV, who was then serving as the First Secretary of the USSR Embassy in Washington, D. C.

In March, 1948, this informant stated that STONE was known to E. P. TUMANTZEY, who was First Secretary of the Soviet Embassy and Chief of the Press Division.

In 1949 the informant advised that STONE was also acquainted with Y. M. BRUSLOV, Second Secretary at the Soviet Embassy.

MISCELLANEOUS

The May 19, 1942 issue of "New Masses" announced the formation in Washington, D. C. of a "Citizens' Committee to Free EARL BROWDER", then the leader of the Communist Party in the United States. The article indicated that I. F. STONE would be among those who would sign a call and an advertisement for a public meeting of this group on May 22, 1942.

The Citizens' Committee to Free EARL BROWDER has been declared by the Attorney General to be within the purview of Executive Order 9835.

In May, 1938, the League of American Writers, New York City, published a pamphlet entitled "Writers Take Sides", which contained letters from 418 American authors on the questions "Are you for or are you against Franco and Fascism?" STONE, in an answer to this question, replied in part as follows:

"Should the Loyalists lose we may expect a tidal wave of reaction, obscurantism, race hatred, and thuggery menacing our own lives and our own homes. We must never forget that the barricades in Madrid are barricades everywhere in defense of freedom, of culture, and of humanity."

The League of American Writers has been declared by the Attorney General to be within the purview of Executive Order 9835.

PHYSICAL DESCRIPTION

ISIDOR FEINSTEIN STONE, was: Name Isidor Feinstein, I. F. Stone, Izzy Stone

December 4, 1907 Born Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

White Race 51711 Height

155-160 lbs. Weight

Blue Eyes Hair Brown Complexion Light

Occasionally wears ear phone Characteristics

(hard of hearing), wears glasses,

seldom wears hat 1133 Park Avenue New York City Columnist for New York Residence

Occupation .

"Daily Compass" ESTHER STONE Wife

> E. N D

SECRET

ADMINISTRATIVE

INFORMANTS

b7D b6 b7C

T-1	Selective Service System, Washington, D. C.
T-2	LOUIS F. BUDENZ, professor, Fordham University, New York
	City, and former Managing
, ,	Editor of the "Daily Worker", who furnished this information
	to former SA
T-3	C 498 of Washington Field Office.
T-4	her identity remain confidential.
T-5	who furnished this information to SA
T-6	
T-7	NY-611-s. (8)
т-8	who advised SA JOHN R. SWEENEY of the information on July 13, 1951, and SE of the information on July 31, 1951.
T-9	
T-10	
T-11	Brooklyn, New York.
T-12	The desired the second
T-13	Not used.

ADMINIS	TRATIVE (Cont'd)
T-14	SEGRET
T-15	
T-16	A mail cover on AGNES SMEDLEY.
T-17	IDA, Far Eastern Command.
T-18	NY-301-S.](E)
T-19	who furnished this information to SA by report dated April 9, 1949.
T-20	who furnished information to SA FRANK R. LONGO
T-21 T-22	who furnished the information to SA
	by report of April 14, 1950, and furnished report dated August 2, 1951 to SA JOHN W. DOOLEY.
T-23	who furnished this information to SA of the Philadelphia Office on January 23, 1950.
T-24	Not used.
T-25	[] (e)
T-26	
T-27	Security file, State Department, Washington, D. C.

SECRET

ADMINISTRATIVE (Contid)

MISCELLANEOUS

A copy of this report is being furnished to the Washington Field Office in view of the fact that that office has been conducting and will conduct additional investigation in this case.

REFERENCE

Report of SA New York, 12/18/51. b7c Bureau letter, 12/5/51.

	FEDER	AL BUREAU OF INVESTI	GATION	NO
	ANICAL SECTION		* ** **;u	DATE 2/12/52
PLEASE PRE	EPARE THE FOLI	OWING FOR <u>经股份</u> ROO	м no. <u>121</u>	PHONE <u>859</u>
MULT	OGRAPHING IGRAPHING LIMAT	PHOTOGRAPHING DUPLIGRAPHING ADDRESSOGRAPH		PHOTOSTATING
NO OF ORIGINALS	NO. COPIES REQUESTED OF EACH	KIND OF PAPER LETTERHEAD PLAIN	SIZE	NEGATIVE OR POSITIVE
		CETTERNEAD FEAR		
12	10			
•				
	att infob	MATION CONTAINED	AUD	
	HEREIN	3 9 BY 9803 TO	ost,	
	DATE			
·				
REMARKS O	R DESCRIPTION	v <u>ISIDOR PRIBSTE</u>	n stone	Ags*
APPROYED_	*JD:0JRab L00 - 22286	SIGNE	E0	SO, SAC
0-11	L00 - 22286			010 26.58

PHOTOGRAPHIC

NEGATIVES
POSITIVES
CONTACT-PRINTS
ENLARGEMENTS
LANTERN SLIDES
MOUNTING
OPAQUING .
DEHIVERED TIME DEHIVERED TIME INITIAL

PRINTING

	DATE	INITIALS
SET TYPED		
PROOFED		
CORRECTED		
PLATES MADE		
RUN .		
ASSEMBLED FOLDED		
STAPLED PUNCHED CUT		
DELIVERED		

(1-10-49)



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

FORM NO. 1 THIS CASE	ORIGINATED A	NEW	YORK	•			9	FILE NO.	
REPORT	MADE AT			DATE WHEN	PERIOD FOR WHICH	MADE	REPORT MA	DE BY CONTRO	ENTIAL
WASHI	INGTON	D.C.	FEB	1 9 1952	11/30;12/4,1 28/51;1/2,4,	,28;		S J. DUANI	E FJD:OJR
TITLE					2/1,4/52		CHARACTER	OF CASE	• .
,	ISIDOR	FEINS!	TEIN	STONE, 1	was.		ESP:	IONAGE - I	R.
•		+	X	•	•	,		,	•
SYNO	PSIS OF	FAC S		·	TT				
	,	,			Havana, Cuba Ly identical				**
					Economic Cour				, ,
		•			avana, Cuba.				. `
	•		5 a. G	overnme	nt investigat	tive a	agency,		•
		, p	con	tain no	derogatory	lata 1	respect;	ing .	
	`	with the	CLA	KK. In	November, 19	151 ₉ 8	subject		
	2011/2	DI KOR	A ATS	ting of	shington, D. f the Washing	rton (ia adar Iommitt	essea	
11.191	ad by Franks	RM	Def	end the	Bill of Righ	ste.	Tn spe	ech .	,
10551118	Sil ray O	9	sub	ject de	nounced the S	Smith	Act.	During	b7D
Process .	SINZ	<i>50</i> ·	Dec	ember,	1950, subject	t spol	re befor	re the	,*
Treast.	2/3	•			Branch of thi				· ·
1	,				known reliabi				
		,			f a Communist shington, D.				
					ears, had no				,
					a Communist.	1110 111		,	
						•		· .	
`.		•	and	nounu	sual activity	note	ed.	•	
	٠,		,	•	•	* '			,
٠					T	10			
	•	,	•	`	, co L m,	1 cho		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	THE
	•					`			EILE STRIPPED
	DETAIL	S:	AT WA	SHINGTO	N, D.C.				Dating 6 183
			,		* *		, 4 ,	•	pa gu 9 197
.			Duw	AYNE G.	CLARK		· · · /	*.	Initials: 111
	-	,	Con	fidenti	al Informant	T-2,	of knot	wn reliab	ility
ADDDOV	ed and	yised	that	subject	received cor	- 4			ome (S)
	ARDED:			IN CHARG		50 I	NOT WRÎTE IN	THESE SPACES	
			`\	` .	100 -	222	86-5	9	*. !!!!
,	CC	PIES OF TH	IS REPOR	τ,	Searched	***************************************	*******		
	Bureau				Serial.zed				
	Vew Yor				Indexed		********		Seak Seak
(2) T V	Mashing	ton Fi	eld(l	.00-2228	6) fled	AL	-		
offin					<u> </u>				
	,		<i>:</i>						u ¹

PROPERTY OF FBI - This confidential report and its contents are loaned to you by the FBI and are not to be distributed outside of agency to which loaned.

-COMPIDENTIAL

1133 Park Avenue, New York City on November 1, 1951, from one D.G.C., American Embassy, Havana, Cuba. Personnel files, U. S. Department of State, disclosed that the only individual having the initials D.G.C. and who was attached to the American Embassy at Havana, Cuba during November, 1951, was DuWAYNE G. CLARK. It was also determined that none of the natives employed at the U. S. Embassy in Havana had similar initials.

CLARK was born February 27, 1903, at Charles City, Iowa. He attended the schools in Los Angeles and Santa Anna, California. He was graduated from Stanford University, Palo Alto, California, in 1925 with an A. B. Degree. While at Stanford he rajored in history and economics. CLARK identified his parents as ANNA M. HOFFMASTER, a native of Iowa, and FRANK GERALD CLARK. His file revealed in 1929 his mother was known as Mrs. WILLIAM C. BLATZ and resided at 457 Blackstone Avenue, Fresno, California. It was reported that his father was deceased.

CLARK identified his first wife as JULIA HUME CLARK and reported that he had married her on September 6, 1928, at Washington, D. C. It was noted that she was deceased. On November 10, 1937, CLARK married JANE HORTON, a native of Omaha, Nebraska. CLARK identified his children as JULIAN HUME CLARK, who was born to his first wife May 17, 1935, and DuWAYNE G. CLARK II, who was born to his second wife on March 3, 1940.

In a formal application for employment filed with the State Department by CLARK in August, 1939, when he transferred from the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, U. S. Commerce Department, CLARK reported that he had been employed as a cashier and underwriter by the Mutual Insurance Agency, 1301 H Street, N. W., Washington, D. C. from August 1, 1925, to September 1, 1927. During this period CLARK also attended Georgetown and George Washington Universities in Washington, D. C. but did not receive any degree.

On September 1, 1927, CLARK was appointed to the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce at Washington, D. C. He remained in Washington until September, 1929, when he was transferred to Johannesburg, South Africa as an Assistant Trade Commissioner. He continued in that capacity until August 29, 1933, when he was released due to a reduction in force. He was re-employed by the Commerce Department on November 20, 1933, and assigned to the Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

District Office of this Bureau. On August 20, 1934, CLARK was designated Assistant Trade Commissioner at Buenos Aires, Argentina. He remained there until January 1, 1938, when he was transferred to Paris, France, as a Trade Commissioner. On June 16, 1939, CLARK was assigned to San Sebastian, Spain, as an Assistant Commercial Attache. On September 9, 1939, he was designated Assistant Commercial Attache at Madrid, Spain. He formally transferred from the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce on July 1, 1939. CLARK remained in Spain until early 1942 and since then has served as Commercial Attache at Asuncion Paraguay, Sao Paulo, Brazil, Rio de Janerio and at Washington, D. C. On July 1, 1950, CLARK was transferred from the Department at Washington and designated Economic Counselor, U. S. Embassy, Havana, Cuba, which is his present assignment.

His file contained no additional pertinent data and no derogatory information.

The files of T-1, a Government investigative agency, contained no derogatory data with respect to CLARK.

WASHINGTON COMMITTEE FOR THE DEFENSE OF THE BILL OF RIGHTS

Confidential Informant T-4, of known reliability, has advised the following were officers of this Committee:

Chairman: MARCUS GOLDMAN
Secretary: HELEN GUREWITZ
Treasurer: HERMAN CLOTT
Publicity: JOHN B. STONE

Sponsors: EMMA ROBINSON and MORRIS MURRAY.

With respect to the above mentioned officers of this Committee, Confidential Informant T-5, of known reliability, has advised that GUREWITZ, STONE and ROBINSON were members of the Communist Party of the District of Columbia. This informant advised that this Committee has for its purpose the repeal of the Smith Act and in addition assists in raising bond for the jailed Communists in Baltimore and Washington, D. C. With respect to MARCUS GOLDMAN, T-5 stated that he is a retired U. S. Government employee who possesses considerable wealth and is the "angel" in numerous ventures and organizations which have the blessing of the Communist Party.

	COMPIB
According to T-4,	
of the Communist Party for the District of Columbi	'
were among those who met on	
, at which time it was proposed that this subj	ect
be obtained as a speaker for a public meeting of the Commit	tee
which was to be held at the Odd Fellows Hall in Washington	on
November 14, 1951	•
During the evening of November 14, 1951, Special	Agents
an (ر أور السام	
observed subject entering Odd Fellows Hall	
and T Streets, N. W. at 9:15 P. M. At 11:45 P. M. subject	
observed to leave this Hall in the company of MARCUS GOLDMA	N.

With respect to this meeting, Confidential Informant T-6, a reliable informant, advised that STONE addressed the meeting During the course of his speech he admitted that he was a Socialist but made the observation that despite a person being a Socialist, a Communist or the like he should not be persecuted and prosecuted for his political beliefs. STONE stated that in his opinion the Government had no case against the Communists (who were charged for violation of the Smith Act) and endeavored to point out that the Government had failed to prove their case and was using hearsay evidence.

According to the informant, ROY WOOD, Chairman of the Communist Party for the District of Columbia, and MARCUS GOLDMAN also spoke. Informant stated that approximately two hundred people attended this meeting and the Committee secured donations amounting to \$570.00 in cash and \$196.00 in pledges. Informant said that among those present were ROB HALL, Washington Representative of the Communist publication of the Daily Worker, ANN YALOM, HELEN SHONICK, BILL SHONICK, SALLY PEEK, GERTRUDE EVANS, EMMA ROBINSON and BERT FELTER.

T-5, previously identified, identified the foregoing as members of the Communist Party in Washington, D. C.

On December 12, 1951, T-7, of known reliability, advised that he had learned from ROB HALL that STONE was very much pleased by the enthuastic reception that had been given to him for his treatment of the Smith Act during his recent lecture tour. T-7 said that STONE described all his audiences as enthuastic with the exception of the group that he addressed in Syracuse, New York

b6 b7C b7D According to this informant, STONE had visited in Washington on December 12, 1951, just prior to a scheduled appearance in Baltimore on December 12, 1951. Informant learned that STONE had been booked to address the Baltimore Committee to Defend the Bill of Rights on December 12, 1951. HALL, according to T-7, mentioned to STONE that he believed that Attorney General J. HOWARD McGRATH would be dismissed from his position and would be replaced by F.B.I. Director, J. EDGAR HOOVER. T-7 said that STONE commented to HALL on this observation that it was his hope that this would come to pass as he would rather have HOOVER working on such an assignment rather than on radicals.

On December 13, 1951, T-7 learned from HALL that information had been received from GEORGE MYERS, Chairman, Baltimore Communist Party, that four hundred Negro and white citizens of Baltimore had attended a meeting held at the Odd Fellows Hall in Baltimore on December 12, 1951, in protest of the Smith Act. MYERS mentioned that STONE, DALLAS F. NICHOLAS, an Attorney and resident of Baltimore were the featured speakers. Informant reported that NICHOLAS was a member of the Baltimore School Board and a leader of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People in Baltimore

Confidential Informant T-8, of unknown reliability, but who has admitted membership in a newspaper cell of the Communist Party in the District of Columbia during the late 1940's, advised that she was not personally acquainted with STONE and had never met him. This informant was unable to furnish the names of any of STONE'S close associates or contacts in this area but did advise that at various times STONE had been the subject of conversations by various members of the newspaper cell of the Communist Party. According to this informant, STONE was belittled as "half baked" and not able to follow through his ideas and develop them to a logical con-T-8 said that it was generally conceded that when STONE was good in his newspaper column he was very good and when he was bad he was very poor. T-8 considered this analysis of STONE by the newspaper cell to be a typical two-way approach which the cell members used in referring to persons who were not one hundred per cent with them.

FINANCIAL TRANSACTIONS

Confide	ntial Informan	t T-9. of known reliability,	
who is associated			
<u> </u>	made available	e to Special Agent J. BERNARD	b7D
COOK.			
		These records,)
Which are availab	le only upon th	he presentation of a subpoena	
to disc	lose that		

	·		CUNTIFICATION	
				,
				ŀ
				ľ
				,
				ľ
].
· Wi	th respect to MA	RC STONE Who		`.'
***		TO STATE WILLO		

is subject's brother and has been previously identified in this investigation.

Concerning PAUL WOOTON

the 1950 - 1951 Who's Who in

America reports that WOOTON was born Clinton County, Indiana,

May 8, 1881. Since 1914 WOOTON has been a Washington Correspondent

for the New Orleans Times Picayune. WOOTON was identified in

-CONFIDENTIAL

this account as the former president of the National Press Club and Ex-President, Overseas Writers and a member of the National Press Club in Washington, D. C. His residence was listed as 3016 Tilden Street, N. W., and it was also mentioned that he had an office in the National Press Building.

Confidential Informant T-10, of known reliability, advised that WOOTON is the Dean of the Press Correspondents assigned to the White House. This informant has advised that WOOTON is an extremely influential American Correspondent and is regarded by his associates as one of the most respected and responsible newspapermen in the Nation's Capitol.

- PENDING -

CONFIDENCIA

ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE

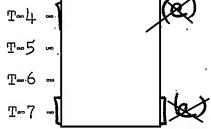
INFORMANTS

T-1 - Security Division, State Department.

T-2 Mail cover maintained on subject's residence in New York City.

ence

T-3 - Not used.



T-8 - whose identity is being protected inasmuch as he is currently furnishing information of value to this office.

T-9 -					
T-10-	Trex	•	,	 	

b2 b7D

.b7D

. b2

LEADS

THE NEW YORK DIVISION:

AT NEW YORK, NEW YORK:

Will review office indices and report pertinent information concerning the following

57I

Will review files pertaining to the subject at the Metropolitan Life 'nsurance Company in an effort to secure information respecting subject's income during 1944.

CONFIDENTIAL

ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE

LEADS

THE WASHINGTON FIELD OFFICE:

AT WASHINGTON, D.C.:

			4 4 4			•	$\overline{}$
Will conti	nue to ex	caminé 🗌					
		and	lin	the fi	uture	examin	e '
				in an	effor	tito	٠ ١.
determine	STONE'S S	sources	of i	ncome.			

REFERENCE:

Report of Special Agent dated

January 31, 1952, at New York.

Report of Special Agent FRANCIS J. DUANE dated

November 16, 1951, at Washington, D. C.

,	EDER	AL BUREAU OF INVESTI	GATIC T	6216
TO MECH	ANICAL SECTIO	N:	• ***	DATE 2/12/5
PLEASE PRE	PARE THE FOLL	OWING FOR WPO ROO	м по. 424	PHONE 859
MULTI	OGRAPHING IGRAPHING LIMAT	PHOTOGRAPHING DUPLIGRAPHING ADDRESSOGRAPH		PHOTOSTATING
NO OF	NO, COPIES	KIND OF PAPER		NEGATIVE
DRIGINALS	REQUESTED OF EACH	LETTERHEAD PLAIN	SIZE	OR POSITIVE
12	10			
				1.1
		HERETH 13391 BY DATE	ED O	مثلاله
 		ON CONTENT	03 (0)	
	-	THE THE PARTY OF T		
		HEREIN 1231		
		- Dalla-		<u> </u>
	R DESCRIPTIO	N ISIDOR FEINSTEI	en stone	wes.
	-			
APPROVED	JD: 0JRab; .00-22286	y SIGN		OOD, SAC N
		100	-2228	6-60

PHOTOGRAPHIC

NEGATIVES DEPT. OF JUSTE			
POSITIYES 13 5 OH PM '52			
CONTACT-PRINTS			
ENLARGEMENTS			
LANTERN SLIDES			
MOUNTING			
OPAQUING			
DATE DELIVERED TIME INITIAL			

PRINTING

	DATE	INITIALS
SET TYPED		
PROOFED		
CORRECTED		
PLATES MADE		
RUN S	14/52	EH13
ASSEMBLED 1	4,5	
STAPLED PUNCHED CUT		
DELIVERED	,	